

WATCHES

In order to turn our entire stock before buying for the the holidays we start this morning

A GUT PRIGE SALE.

If you are thinking of buying a watch now or in the future it will pay you to investigate this. See our window.



The recognized headquarters for fine goods.

M. V. N. Braman

"Where there is one pound of butter that any Christian man ought to eat there is a ton that ought to be thrown overboard into perdition."—Henry Ward Beecher.

We have the kind that help men and women to be Christians and they come back after more (Butter).

5th Ave Coffee

is a winner and the large invoice bought to meet the demand made by our demonstration during the fair is nearly gone showing how well people received it.

Do not fail to get in on our FLOUR SALE now. You will save money.

M. V. N. Braman,

101 Main Street

If in Doubt

Where to buy your Drugs, ask your doctor where he buys his. We supply two-thirds of the doctors in North Adams and vicinity. With quality unsurpassed and methods liberal we have carved out a name that is permanent and respected throughout Western Massachusetts.

Wilson House Drug Store

Cor. Main and Holden

Quality the Best, Prices the Lowest

You can rely upon the fact, that everything purchased at the city market is the very best to be found on the market, and our prices are no higher and in most cases not as high as you are paying for not so good an article.

Come and be convinced for yourself.

We always have a large stock of everything in its season to select from and supply all of your wants in a manner very satisfactory to yourself.

Meats, Poultry, Game, Butter, Eggs and Vegetables.

Providence River Oysters.

Remember Lowest Cash Prices.

Bateman's City Market

REBELS CAPTURE GUNBOAT

The Crews are Either Prisoners or Have Been Killed

Petrel, Sent to Investigate, Finds the Boat Riddled with Bullets and Burned. Ten Men Missing

Manila, Sept. 25.—The insurgents have captured the United States gunboat Urdaneta, in the Arani river North west side of Manila bay, where she was patrolling. An officer and nine of the crew are missing.

The gunboat Petrel sent to investigate, discovered the Urdaneta beached opposite the town of Orani. It had been riddled with bullets and burned, and the guns and ammunition captured. The crew are either prisoners or have been killed.

The Little Gunboat

Washington, Sept. 25.—The gunboat Urdaneta captured with her crew at Orani about 25 miles from Manila on the bay of Manila is a little craft of only 40 tons displacement, not much larger than a small tug. She was captured by the navy in the war and had been on police duty in the bay for months past. Records of the navy department show she was one of the boats of which the Oregon is the parent ship. That is, she was supposed to draw all her supplies from the battleship and be manned from the Oregon's crew and act under instructions from the Oregon's commander. According to the last reports to the department the little boat was, last May, under the command of Naval Cadet Welborn C. Wood, but the personnel of the crew was not a matter of record being subject to frequent change. Wood was appointed to the naval academy from Oregon. He had passed his academic course and was performing two years of sea service at the time of his capture.

Two Important Dispatches

Washington, Sept. 25.—Two important dispatches were received from Otis this morning. The first indicates that the insurgents of the island of Negros are about to recognize the authority of the United States. The election there will be on October 2.

The second says that the American flag will be raised on Sulu islands. The chief insurgents at Zamboanga are willing to accept the authority of the United States, but name conditions which Otis will not accept.

More Troops for Philippines

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 25.—The new 28th regiment left camp Meade today for service in the Philippines. They were in four sections and will be stationed at Presidio, San Francisco, for a short time.

Drive the Friars Out

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 25.—The Manila Times reports that General Otis has peremptorily driven the Dominican friars out of the San Jose College of Medicine, at Manila, and has turned the college over to Manila's educational department. Four days previously the Dominicans were notified that they would have to vacate. They refused, whereupon General Otis exercised his authority.

The Times says that when the Americans took charge of Manila the friars thought they could grab the college. They calmly set to work and reopened the institution as their own property. They put members of their own corporation into all the professorships, and made their own arrangements as to curriculum and rules. Being purely a medical school, the American authorities proposed to appoint men of medical knowledge without regard to their religious views. The issue was squarely made on this line and the educational department was finally sustained by General Otis, the Philippines Commission, and supposedly by President McKinley himself.

"Spike" Sullivan disposed of Billy Ernst at South Brooklyn, knocking him out in the second round. Ernst was out-clasped.

The plant of the American Tin Plate company, at Atlanta, Ind., was almost totally destroyed by fire. The loss will reach \$150,000.

Surgeon General Wyman of the marine hospital service has been notified of a suspected case of yellow fever at Miami, Fla. The case has been isolated.

Scott Newman, Jr., has sold Borlma, a promising trotter, to J. G. McCoy of Kirkwood, Del., for \$10,000, the highest price ever paid for a 3-year-old trotter in Kentucky.

John McManing, 26 years old, a prominent member of the Stuyvesant Yacht club, was drowned while sailing a catboat in the East River, at New York.

James McCashin, 40 years, died at Lowell, Mass. Deceased had been gradually undergoing ossification for six years, and at the time of his death his legs from feet to the hips were rigid and stone-like.

A large wooden building occupied by the Moxie Nerve Food company and the Standard Bottling company at Lowell, Mass., was destroyed by fire. The total loss is estimated at \$40,000.

J. W. Copp, a woolen manufacturer of Charlton City, was instantly killed by a train on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad at Uxbridge, Mass. The body was horribly mangled.

Frank P. Haggitt, cashier of the Railroad National bank, Lowell, Mass., for many years, committed suicide by taking corrosive sublimate. His wife was recently burned to death, and it is believed that the husband was influenced to a great extent by brooding over the loss of his wife.

ROOT FOR VICE PRESIDENT

Hanna May Not Run the Republican Presidential Campaign

Washington, Sept. 25.—The New York Herald's correspondent writes the following:

Vice President Hobart's poor health, it is now generally believed, will make it impossible for him to accept a re-nomination next year. The president and the republican leaders generally favor his nomination for the second place on the ticket if he believes he is well enough to accept a second time. Recent reports, however have little ground for hope that he will be able to do so. In that event it is believed the nomination will go to New York.

In view of Governor Roosevelt's determination not to accept it, Secretary of War Root will probably be named.

Success in the Philippines, which is expected this winter, will bring Secretary Root's administration of the war department strongly into notice, and will make him a strong candidate. If the campaign should be such, however, as not to reflect credit on the war department some one else will have to be obtained.

President McKinley may go into the campaign for re-election not only with a new candidate on the ticket with him but with a new manager of the campaign. It is well known that Senator Hanna is not in good health. I have been informed by one of his close political friends in Ohio that he does not intend to undertake the management of another presidential campaign.

DREYFUS SERIOUSLY ILL

A Paris Paper Declares Jouast Voted for Acquittal

London, Sept. 25.—The Paris correspondent of the Standard says:—"The excitement of meeting his children—the excitement of Dreyfus and it is feared that it may be necessary to send him to Malta or Madeira."

BIG CATTLE RANCH DEALS

Swift and Morris of Chicago Will Raise Cattle on a Large Scale

Guthrie, O. T., Sept. 25.—The Rodgers ranch, Beaver county, O. T., and the Childs cattle ranch in Texas, containing 200,000 acres, and raising 300,000 cattle, has been purchased for the Swift Packing House interests of Chicago. The titles of three other ranches are being examined by the same company. Swift and Morris will raise cattle on a large scale.

MILAN'S ASSASSINS SENTENCED

Three Sentenced to Death, Eighteen to Imprisonment Ranging from Five to Twenty Years. Six Free

Belgrade, Serbia, Sept. 25.—The court this morning rendered judgment in the cases of the prisoners on trial for attempted assassination of former King Milan. Three leaders were sentenced to death, and ten others were condemned to twenty years imprisonment, one to nine years, and seven to five years. Six were acquitted.

JUDGE DANFORTH DEAD

Success to a Stroke of Apoplexy While Arguing a Case

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Ex-Judge George F. Danforth of the state court of appeals dropped dead from apoplexy after he argued a case in court this morning. He was born in Boston in 1819.

A Shakespeare Memory

London, Sept. 25.—Mrs. Baker, custodian of the cottage of Anne Hathaway, widow of Shakespeare, died today at Stratford-on-Avon, as the result of an accident. She was a descendant of the Hathaways.

The Chinese Problem

Washington, Sept. 25.—Secretary Root received a cable from General Otis regarding the Chinese situation in the Philippines. He says the shipment of 700 Chinese has been landed without serious interference with the military operations.

Relief to Mackenzie River

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 25.—A relief expedition has been sent by the mounted police to Mackenzie river where great suffering prevails. The last arrival from there was an Australian named Edwardson, who, after losing his supplies was a week without food.

ENGLISH PEOPLE CRAZY FOR WAR

Advocates of Peace Bombarded with Decayed Eggs and Fruits and Other Missiles. Cheers for Chamberlain and Hisses for Kruger. Orange Free State for Hears

London, Sept. 25.—Another week has opened with the Transvaal situation marking time. No news has been received of the delivery at Pretoria of the last British dispatch. The next big news will be the decision arrived at by the Raad of the Orange Free State, whose secret deliberation is expected to close tomorrow. It will not come as a surprise if the Raad does not decide to link arms with the Transvaal. Neither the jingoes nor the anti-war party are very proud of yesterday's affair on Trafalgar square, which proved nothing except that the mob is always jingo.

A telegram from Calcutta announces the departure of the transport Soidha for South Africa, and the last transport for the Cape leaves India tomorrow.

London, Sept. 25.—The English people are seemingly crazy for war. The events of the past few days have worked public sentiment up to a dangerous pitch of excitement. It will now require the greatest moral courage and firmness on the part of the government officials to prevent themselves from being hurried into war whether they like it or not.

The feeling of the populace was well illustrated in connection with the attempt to hold an anti-war demonstration in Trafalgar square yesterday. The attempt almost ended in a riot. Those who sought to speak for peace were simply bombarded with bad eggs, decayed apples, cabbage heads and various other missiles. They could no more hold a peace meeting than they could fly.

The people assembled in thousands and tens of thousands, but it was not to carry out the intended purpose of the meeting, but rather to prevent it. When the speakers attempted to begin the crowds waved Union Jacks and sang the national anthem and "Rule Britannia" like mighty invocations.

The speakers, who were quite inaudible, were received with groans, decayed apples and eggs and other missiles. There were cheers for Mr. Chamberlain, and hisses for President Kruger. Some soldiers who were present were carried shoulder high by the crowd.

There were several ugly rushes for the platforms, which were surrounded by opponents of the demonstration, who yelled fiercely.

Finally the mounted police were telephoned for to clear the square. Batons were freely used, several persons were trodden upon by the horses and 30 arrests were made.

The opponents of the meeting finally proposed resolutions in support of the government's policy, which were carried amid wild enthusiasm.

The shoudering of a soldier and a marine, their hands clasped, in a procession around the square, provoked frantic enthusiasm and was altogether an impressive incident, the multitudes bursting into the song, "Soldiers of the Queen." On many of the passing omnibuses, which carry small Union Jacks, the passengers lifted the flags from their sockets and waved them vigorously.

The Bloomsforden correspondent of the Manchester Guardian, a pro-Boer organ, says: "Both President Steyn and Mr. Fischer (of the Orange Free State) inform me that the volksraad is absolutely unanimous that the two republics should stand or fall together. President Steyn said: 'Suppose we remain neutral, and the Transvaal was conquered. It is not likely that we would be long permitted to stand outside British control. Let a rich gold field be discovered, and what would become of us?'

The special correspondent of The Daily Telegraph at Pietermaritzburg, Natal, says: "It is believed that the protracted sitting of the Orange Free State raad is due to the elaboration of defensive measures. No rain has fallen in either republic; and it is doubtful whether the Boers can commence hostilities before the end of October."

A Pretoria dispatch says that The Volksraad conveys to President Steyn and Mr. Fischer of the Orange Free State the thanks of the whole republic for their support. According to the same authority the Transvaal government has decided to return to the donor the fine young lion, which Cecil Rhodes recently presented to the Transvaal delegates to the Agricultural union in Cape Town, about 10 days ago, as it declines to have anything whatever to do with that gentleman.

TWO BODIES FOUND

Both Taken from the Connecticut; One Last Night, Another Today

Greenfield, Mass., Sept. 25.—Two bodies were found in the Connecticut, one last night and the second this morning, identified as William Strange of West Northfield and Fred O'Brien. The friends of the latter are unknown. Strange was junior vice-commander of the Northfield post. The body of O'Brien was found this forenoon just below where the body of the Northfield man was taken. There is no theory of the drowning.

Guards Charged Rioters

Ferrol, Spain, Sept. 25.—Serious disorders took place here Saturday evening. A mob of 3000 stoned the principal Catholic club and the town hall, smashing the windows in both buildings. The municipal guards charged the rioters, but were repulsed, 11 guards being injured, as well as many civilians. Finally a squad of mounted gendarmes dispersed the rioters. The authorities have proclaimed the city under martial law.

Kearsarge's Trial Trip

Boston, Sept. 25.—The battleship Kearsarge left her anchorage at 8:30 this morning for a test run between Cape Ann and Cape Porpoise, after which spin she will run over to the light to disembark the officers and guests. When she will take her departure for Newport News to receive her finishing touches and armament.

FASTER THAN BATTLESHIP IOWA

The Kearsarge on Her Official Trial Trip Today. Latest and Most Powerful Addition to American Navy Behaves Splendidly. Made Her Trial in a Fresh Breeze

Boston, Sept. 25.—The new battleship Kearsarge left her anchorage at nine thirty o'clock this morning for her trial trip off Cape Ann. The weather was excellent, the water smooth and the wind moderate.

Faster Than Iowa

Straitsmouth, Rockport, Mass., Sept. 25.—The latest and most powerful acquisition to the American navy, the battleship Kearsarge, started her official trial trip off the coast at 10:25 o'clock this morning. There was a fresh breeze, good ground swell, but a heavy haze. She passed the third mark at 11:14, making a speed of 17.03 knots. This section of the course is usually the slowest, but the Kearsarge covered the distance considerably faster than her predecessor, the Iowa.

Killing Meets With Approval

Providence, Sept. 25.—Raffaella Maurara, an Italian, 50 years old, was shot and killed by James R. Bagman in Drownville, a village about nine miles from this city, Sunday morning. Maurara and a companion were attempting to enter a henhouse owned by Bagman. Bagman was awakened by the ringing of an electric alarm, with which the henhouse door was connected, and seeing forth with a shotgun, fired four times at the nocturnal prowlers. Maurara, after running a short distance, dropped dead. He was shot through the right lung, while the entire right side of his body was peppered with shot. His companion escaped. The townspeople look upon Bagman as a public benefactor, for when thieving has greatly disturbed the whole countryside of late, Maurara leaves a wife and three children.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Alba M. Kent, one of the best known young business men of Jamestown, N. Y., left home four months ago, taking with him \$30,000 in currency, which it is alleged was raised on forged paper. Kent has been located at Yokohama, Japan, and representatives of the United States in Japan have been instructed to cause his arrest and detention until extradition papers can be forwarded.

The navy department has concluded to make a change in the small arms used in the service and will adopt the army rifle, or what is known as the Krag-Jorgensen.

Dr. Luke D. Broughton, president of the Astrological Society of America, died at New York. He cast his horoscope many years ago, and predicted that the critical periods of his life were the 15th, 16th and 21st days of the present month and present year. His death, he predicted, would occur early on Sept. 22. Dr. Broughton died at 4 a. m. Saturday. He was born in 1828, in Leeds, Eng. He came from a family of astrologers.

The first of a series of meetings by friends of the Transvaal was held at Berlin, and a telegraphic message was sent to Emperor William, asking his aid in preventing war between Great Britain and the South African republic.

A correspondent of the Cologne Gazette, who is making a tour of Samoa, telegraphs to his paper that there is increasing excitement and anti-German sentiment in the islands, owing to alleged British machinations. The correspondent predicts a new uprising, unless the malcontents are energetically restrained.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Received through the office of Lehman & Co., Commission Stock Brokers, Room 5 Burlingame Block.

	Sept. 25, 1899.	High	Low	Clos.
Atch ..	20 3/4	20 3/4	20 3/4	20 3/4
Atch pr ..	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2	61 1/2
B. R. T. ..	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2	87 1/2
C. & O.	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
C. D. & Q.	129 1/2	129 1/2	129 1/2	129 1/2
C. C. C.	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2	55 1/2
Cont. Tobacco ..	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Fed. Steel	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2	53 1/2
Fed. Steel pr	78 3/4	78 3/4	78 3/4	78 3/4
Gen. Elec.	121 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2	121 1/2
J. C.	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2	119 1/2
Lea pr	78 3/4	78 3/4	78 3/4	78 3/4
L. & N.	78 3/4	78 3/4	78 3/4	78 3/4
Man	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Mo. Pac.	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
M. K. T. pr	20 3/4	20 3/4	20 3/4	20 3/4
No. Pac. pr	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2	52 1/2
N. West	166 1/2	166 1/2	166 1/2	166 1/2
N. Y. C.	134 1/2	134 1/2	134 1/2	134 1/2
P. M.	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Poo. Gas	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
Rubber	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2	48 1/2
Rock Island	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2	112 1/2
Reading pr	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2	57 1/2
S. R. pr	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
St. Paul	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
Sugar	142 1/2	142 1/2	142 1/2	142 1/2
T. C. I.	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2	115 1/2
Tobacco	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2	118 1/2
Union Pac.	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
Wire	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2	50 1/2

AUTUMN SHADES

in nature are always most striking and attractive. In our glove department they are no less attractive and at the Cutting-made prices they are simply irresistible.

Shop Gloves

New supply ladies' and gents' shop gloves 25c the pair. At the advance in stock it's hard to keep them up at the price but you can depend on our doing it.

Street Gloves

We have added four styles perfect fitting street gloves for ladies at \$1.50 the pair. A trifle mannish in appearance but very attractive.

Fine Kid

Gloves for men in all the shades of tan, brown and gray \$1.25 and \$1.50 the pair. Every pair warranted. Street gloves in heavier outwear stock at same prices.

Light Drivers

Include castor, Mocha, light buck, reindeer, dog skin and kids of all kinds. Our prices 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Every horseman or owner of a horse should buy his gloves here.

Heavy Gloves

For teamsters and work we have in numerous styles and can sell at very low prices. 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1 will bring more real value than double the money in some stores.

We buy all gloves of manufacturers and can easily save you the jobber's profit.

C. H. Cutting & Co.

Cutting Corner,

North Adams



Headquarters for Finger Rings

We are headquarters because we have such an assortment for you to choose from.

Two Thousand Rings in Stock

In plain gold, set with diamonds, opals, pearls and every conceivable stone. Prices from \$1.00 to \$300.00.

Watches, all prices. Silver novelties in endless profusion.

L. M. Barnes 5 Wilson House B'k, Main St.

G. FRANK RIST,

The Popular Price Clothier and Furnisher,

No. 113 Main St., Opp. Eagle St. North Adams,

SPECIAL SUIT SALE.

Suits for Everybody at Way Down Prices.

See Our Window.

Trunks and Bags.

"Money Back if You Say So."

G. FRANK RIST,

Clothier. Hatter. Furnisher.

No. 113 Main St., Opp. Eagle St., North Adams.

...We Endeavor...

to render to each customer the best possible service to make the buying of meats and provisions an actual pleasure and a mutual advantage and to supply high grade goods at the lowest possible price. Our customers have these advantages in buying of us.

Stockwell & Rosston,

THE RELIABLE MEAT DEALERS

18 Main Street.

Telephone 232

Berkshire Mutual Fire Insurance Company.
Pittsfield, Mass.
Incorporated 1835.
Financial Condition, Jan. 1, 1899.
Cash Assets, \$112,354.73
Total Liabilities, 72,020.43
Surplus, 40,334.34
Dividends paid 25, 40 and 60 per cent.
A home company that pays all of the profits to the policy holder.
H. W. Hinkley, Pres. J. M. Stevenson, Sec.
H. W. Clark, Resident Director.
B. B. HASKINS, Agent

Fine Jewelry Silverware Cut Glass Watches Clocks, etc
To reduce our stock we will dispose of these goods at a GREATLY REDUCED PRICE. Come and see them and save money.
S. M. White
Successor to L. W. White
80 Main St North Adams

WANTED-A case of bad health that R-P-A-N'S will not touch. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. No more R-P-A-N'S on the package and accept no substitute. R-P-A-N'S, 10 for 4 cents or twelve packets for 45 cents, may be had at any drug store. Free samples and one hundred testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the Ripan Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce street, New York

The Harrison Meadows and Saddle Mountain
are now very beautiful, as viewed from the trolley cars which take you to our retail cloth rooms, where

Excellent Bargains
are still to be had in almost all kinds of

Woolen Fabrics, Fine Sample Ends, Remnants, Seconds, Etc.,

although with recent advances in wool prices must soon advance.

Blackinton Co.
Blackinton, Mass.

USE THE **TELEPHONE** and save **TIME** and **Money** **TRAVEL** and **ROUBLE**
You can telephone 100 words in one Minute easily.
--Try it--

A message by telephone brings immediate answer.
NIGHT RATE one half the day rate, except where the day rate is 15 cents or less. Very convenient for social conversation.

NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

Wm. H. Bennett
FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.

ADAMS NATIONAL BANK BLDG. NORTH ADAMS, MASS.
AGENT FOR
Queens Ins. Co. of America of N. York
Connecticut Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford
Manchester Fire Ass. Co. of England
Northwestern Nat. Ins. Co. of Milwaukee
Russian Nat. Ins. Co. of Germany

R-P-A-N'S, 10 for 5 cents at druggists. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. No matter what the matter one will do you good

Fitchburg Railroad.
From June 9, 1899, trains will run as follows:
Leave North Adams-Eastward.
For Greenfield, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31, 7.00 and 9.00 p. m.
For Fitchburg and Lowell, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Worcester, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
Leave North Adams-Westward.
For Williamstown, Hoosick Falls, Troy and Albany, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For New York, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Lenox and Rutland, (via E. & N. Y.) at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Rutland, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Haverhill, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Manchester, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Lowell, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Worcester, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Fitchburg, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For Greenfield, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.
For North Adams, at 7.15, 7.35, 7.55 a. m., 12.35, 1.15, 3.00, 4.31 p. m., and 9.00 p. m.

CANTACUZENE--GRANT

Granddaughter of Famous General Becomes the Wife of a Prince

Newport, R. I., Sept. 25.—Princess Cantacuzene, who was until last evening Miss Julia Dent Grant, is the eldest daughter of Brigadier General Frederick D. Grant, now in command of part of the American forces in the Philippines. The bride is 23 years old. She was born in the White House at Washington, and when young was often referred to as the "Daughter of the Republic." She is a tall, stately brunette, with eyes that have been likened to brown pansies, rich olive complexion and a wealth of dark hair that a poetic admirer once described as "tresses of the night." She is an accomplished linguist, speaking French and German with fluency and fast acquiring the Russian tongue. Her smile is a delight.



MISS JULIA DENT GRANT.

"Little Miss Sunshine," as she was called by her grandfather, General Ulysses S. Grant, in the days when he used to trot her on his knee, has had three winters in New York society, three summers at Newport and one summer at Bar Harbor. At odd times she has been a favorite in Washington's cosmopolitan society since her debut.

In accordance with the rites of the Russian Orthodox church, Miss Grant last night became the bride of Prince Cantacuzene, Count Speransky of Russia, after simple but impressive ceremonies, conducted by Father Hotovitsky, of the Russian church, New York.



PRINCE MICHAEL CANTACUZENE.

The American statutes had to be conformed to before the couple could go forth into the world as husband and wife, and that ceremony occurred in All Saints' Episcopal church this noon. The summer colony here, as well as numerous friends, diplomatic, military and civil, were in attendance.

The services were performed by Rev. Emory H. Porter, rector of Emmanuel church, who officiated in the absence of Rev. Henry Morgan Stone of Trinity, assisted by Bishop Potter, who pronounced the benediction, and Dr. Nevins of Rome, rector of the American church in Rome, who is a personal friend of both bride and groom.

During the services at the church the St. Cecilia quartet sang. A reception followed immediately after the service in the chapel, at the villa of Mrs. Potter Palmer.

Still the unfamiliar service last evening in the parlor at Beaulieu, the summer residence of Potter Palmer, uncle of the bride, had charms which did not fail to impress the few who witnessed it, as it was entirely in keeping with the somewhat novel marriage of an American girl to a foreign nobleman. A special altar had been raised in the parlor. After the room had been formally consecrated, at 8.30, the bride appeared at the head of the grand staircase with her brother, Ulysses S. Grant, 3rd, while at the altar, before which stood the Russian divine, waited Prince Cantacuzene, clad in the full uniform of the Chevalier garde. The bride's dress was a simple gown of the richest white satin, with sweeping train and veil of tulle. She carried a bouquet of stephanotis and lilies of the valley, and wore the gifts of the bridegroom—a corsage ornament of diamonds and enamel, and rope of pearls. Six ushers preceded Miss Grant and her brother to the altar.

In accordance with the Russian custom, Miss Grant had two garcons de noce, her brother, Ulysses S. Grant, 3rd, and her uncle, Adrian Honore, those of Prince Cantacuzene being Messrs. Honore Palmer and Potter Palmer, Jr., while the parents d'honneur were Grand Duke Vladimir and Mrs. Potter Palmer. Mr. Grant conducted his sister to the altar in the absence of General Fred D. Grant, now serving in the Philippines.

The picturesque ritual, interspersed as it was with frequent music by a local quartet, was quite lengthy, the sacred rites of the betrothal marriage being especially interesting and impressive.

The betrothal began with the great eulogia, followed by a couple of prayers and special petitions for the salvation of the betrothed couple, the blessing them with offspring and peaceful mutual affection for abiding in harmony, firm in faith and for a blessing that they may lead blameless lives. The priest then took the rings he had received from the bride and groom. With the gold one, representing the domination of the groom, three crosses above the groom's head were made, and then it was slipped upon the fourth finger of the groom's hand. Similar details were gone through with the silver ring and the bride.

After this Honore Palmer, proxy for Grand Duke Cyril of Russia, acting as best man or sponsor for the prince, stepped forward and transposed the rings three times, thus finally leaving the gold ring on the bride's finger and the silver one on the groom's.

The silver one on the groom's, these rings being given in token of the life-long union into which they were entering. The exchange by the sponsor indicates the consent of the family.

The rite closed by the prayer "that the Lord may establish these espousals in the faith, in harmony, truth and love, and may bless from heaven this putting of rings."

Next came the rite of marriage. The couple approached nearer to the lectern, still holding the lighted candles, the priest again preceding. As they proceeded the quartet sang Psalm CXXVII. Halting upon a rug, the priest enquired of them if they had spontaneous wish and firm intention to contract the conjugal union with each other, and whether they had promised to contract the union with any one else. These questions properly answered, the priest blessed the kingdom of the most holy Trinity, and with the great eulogia added were petitions on behalf of new consort, and the granting of blessings upon marriage, chastity, favored children, and joy in them, blameless life and unfading crown of glory in the heavens and abundant good things on earth; that they each obey each other and remember the prayers of the parents who reared them. The priest then crowned the prince and the princess, making ritualistic remarks while so doing.

A cup of wine was brought and blessed. The couple drank from it alternately three times each. He then took them by the hands and led them three times around the lectern, the best man and attendants following, holding the crowns above the heads of the newly wedded pair.

The services closed with the singing of the Russian national hymn, after which the couple received congratulations, while the orchestra discoursed music. The ceremony consumed an hour, and it was nearly midnight before the guests finally departed.

All the preparations were made on a scale of unusual magnificence, but this was especially true of the floral decorations, both at the church and at Beaulieu, the Newport residence of Mrs. Potter Palmer. The church, with its simple structure and broad, long aisles—especially the centre aisle leading from the entrance to the chancel—was particularly adapted to adornment of this sort.

The decorations were begun at the sidewalk with large banks of palms and other tropical plants on both sides of the entrance, and continued up the centre aisle to the altar. From the ceiling was suspended massive green garlands festooned with white flowers, making a complete bower of white and green throughout the chapel. The large windows on each side of the chapel were banked with fine Farleyence ferns.

The altar decorations were the costliest ever attempted in a church. The altar in this chapel is exceptionally large and wide, and it was banked on either side with massive Austrian tree ferns, grouped from the altar rail in a semi-circle on each side, making a noble forest of this rare plant. In front of these tall fern trees were placed 20 of the finest bushes of American beauty roses in full bloom. The effect was that of a garden of growing ferns and roses. The altar rail was completely covered with masses of the pure white roses called the bride. The altar steps were carpeted with the same flower. In the front of the place where the bride knelt was a white satin pillow embroidered with orange blossoms.

DISPOSSESSED ENEMY.

Naval Engagement in Subig Bay Results in Victory For Americans.
Washington, Sept. 25.—The navy department received a cable from Rear Admiral Watson yesterday giving a brief account of an engagement at Subig Bay. It is dated the 24th at Manila, and says: "Mandora discovered heavy gun mounted opposite Kalakian point, Subig bay; exchanged shots with Charleston. Sent Charleston, Monterey, Concord and Zafra with detachment of marines and sailors from Baltimore to capture and destroy. Attacked insurgent position 23rd after bombardment; landing party carried entrenchments, dispossessed enemy and destroyed 16 centimeter Krupp gun. Casualties: William Shepherd, apprentice, second class, Charleston, seriously wounded; Charles Haffke, coal passer, Concord, heat prostration. Insurgent fire heavy, but poorly aimed. Enemy's loss unknown. Full report mailed."

Dispute Didn't Save Him.

Columbus, O., Sept. 25.—James Lynch, the escaped burglar and diamond robber, who escaped from the penitentiary several days ago, was captured last evening at Shepard's station, near this city. Lynch had disguised himself as an old man, and was recognized only by his voice by one of the city detectives, who happened to be in the vicinity looking for him. Lynch took to his heels, but was brought to a halt by a fusillade of bullets. He claims that a guard aided him to escape.

Likely to Be Floated.

Pasque Island, Mass., Sept. 25.—A boiler explosion on board the steamer Cherokee, which is ashore on Naushon island, damaged the steamer badly, especially in the steward's department, where everything was smashed. The shock was terrific, and the stanchions and deck-rails were cut away. Although 100 men were engaged at work, not far from the boiler, no injuries were reported. It is believed the steamer will be floated within 24 hours.

Vaccination No Avail.

Everett, Mass., Sept. 25.—Smallpox has again broken out in this city. The victim is the 4½-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Lee. The new case is in an entirely different part of the city from that of the former one, and the board of health has so far been unable to establish any connection between the cases. The victim of the present case was vaccinated during the smallpox scare of a month ago. The operation was apparently successful.

Weather Conditions and Forecasts.

Sun rises—5.38; sets, 5.35.
Moon rises—10.39 p. m.
High water—4.15 a. m.; 4.45 p. m.
Temperatures have risen from the gulf states northeastward and have fallen in the interior as far west as the Rocky mountains. Rain is indicated from the upper Ohio valley and lower lake region eastward, continuing in eastern New England. It will be cooler in New England.

REQUIRES ABSOLUTE REST.

Probability That Vice President Hobart Will Be Unable to Accept Renomination.

New York, Sept. 25.—A special to The Press from Paterson, N. J., says: "It is possible that Vice President Hobart may be unable to preside over the next session of the United States senate. More than that, it is now recognized as a serious probability that he will not be in physical condition to accept a renomination as the running mate of President McKinley in the next national campaign."

The disease from which Mr. Hobart suffers is a kidney trouble, not acute, but of a form requiring absolute rest for a long time. The fact has been known to his friends, but this is the first announcement that his illness is so serious as to threaten an actual withdrawal from the duties of his public position. This illness began with an attack of grip in Georgia last spring. He returned thence to Washington, where he suffered a relapse, being confined to his house for several weeks. Then he went to Long Branch and recovered sufficiently to join the presidential party as the running mate of McKinley.

Since his return to his home in Paterson the vice president has not visited his office. It is said that he can make no effort without exhaustion.

Need of Repairs.

San Francisco, Sept. 25.—The United States transport Leelanaw came into port yesterday with pumps steadily at work to overcome the effect of a hole in the ship's bottom. The Leelanaw sailed for Manila on Sept. 2 with a cargo of commissary stores and 200 horses for army use. After leaving this port distress was developed among the horses and so many of the animals died that the Leelanaw put into Honolulu and landed the commissary stores and the surviving horses. The transport then started on the return trip to this city. During the three days prior to reaching this port so thick was the fog that the Leelanaw struck the reef bar Montana. It will be necessary for her to go to dry dock for a considerable overhauling. In addition to the leak, the vessel was badly strained.

"Big Doc" at Liberty.

New York, Sept. 25.—A cablegram from Manchester, Eng., announces the release from prison there on Friday of Daniel F. Dougherty, alias Big Doc, the notorious American bank robber and murderer. The ex-convict is now probably on his way to the United States. In a quarrel, most likely over the division of plunder in England on Dec. 21, 1887, Dougherty killed an American conductor named Graham. He was convicted of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment at Manchester. His pardon was secured on account of the prisoner's ill health. Dougherty was arrested in 1888 for bank robbery and was sentenced at Charlestown, Mass. He served his full term and was released in 1893.

Big Strike Threatened.

Buffalo, Sept. 25.—The Lake Carriers' association has until noon today to avert a strike of the marine engineers on the Great Lakes. Last Saturday President George Uhler of the National Marine Engineers' Beneficiary association served upon the lake carriers an ultimatum to the effect that if an advance in wages, which the marine engineers demand, is not granted he will call out all the engineers on the lakes. It is claimed that the threatened strike would tie up the commerce of the Great Lakes as effectively as would a December blizzard. There are between 3000 and 4000 engineers in the association.

Had Enough of Klondike.

Wrangell, Alaska, Sept. 20, via Seattle, Sept. 25.—Several more Klondikers, of the Edmonton trail, reached here Sunday, having gone down the Stickeen river from Glenora in canoes. All the survivors were in good health, and had spent the past few months laboring on the Cassiar Central railway, and have enough money with which to reach the states. There are still a few on the trail, and as navigation closes in about six weeks, it is likely that they will pass the winter on Deas lake.

How the Baseball Clubs Stand.

Brooklyn.....	91	40	.695
Philadelphia.....	86	51	.617
Boston.....	82	53	.604
Baltimore.....	78	54	.591
St. Louis.....	76	61	.555
Cincinnati.....	76	63	.547
Chicago.....	70	66	.515
Louisville.....	68	70	.493
Pittsburg.....	67	71	.486
New York.....	55	78	.414
Washington.....	49	86	.365
Cleveland.....	20	125	.138

Railway Men May Strike.

Cincinnati, Sept. 25.—It looks as if a strike of street railway employees were in sight here. Over 400 street railway employees met yesterday in conference with labor leaders. A joint committee was appointed to visit President Kilgore and demand reinstatement of five discharged employees. A meeting was appointed for tomorrow to hear the report of the committee.

Four Candidates For Governor.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 25.—In a speech at Centerville, John W. Tolinson, chairman of the Democratic national bi-metallic committee, announced himself a candidate for governor of Alabama. His announced opponents are Congressman Stallings, Charles E. Walter and N. W. Clements. Mr. Tolinson is the official head of the Bryan element in Alabama.

Regis. Skips.

Paris, Sept. 25.—The Figaro says that Max Regis, the notorious Jew baiter and former mayor of Algiers, who recently barricaded himself and a number of companions in his villa there in emulation of the example of Jules Guerin, after hiding in the suburbs of Algiers, embarked yesterday for Alicante, Spain.

Declination Reconsidered.

Boston, Sept. 25.—Joseph J. Flynn of Lawrence, nominated for state treasurer by the Democratic convention, announces his acceptance, and has forwarded his formal letter to that effect to the state committee. Mr. Flynn's first thought of declination was based on his desire to run for congress next fall.

More Trouble For Hough.

Dover, N. H., Sept. 25.—Harry Hough, who several months ago was arrested for alleged irregularities while treasurer of the Cochecho Savings bank and cashier of the Cochecho National bank, has been reinstated and released on \$10,000 bonds. A rumor being in circulation to the effect that Hough intended to again leave the city, County Solicitor Scott decided to take action in the matter. As a result of the latest move, Hough is now under \$25,000 bonds to appear before the United States supreme court.

PLANS ARE COMPLETED

For the Reception of Admiral Dewey by the City of New York.

To Be 40,500 Seats on Stands, Costing Nearly \$2 a Seat.

The Hero of Manila Will Be Welcomed by Probably 150,000 People Afloat.

New York, Sept. 25.—All the general arrangements for the reception of Admiral Dewey are now completed, and there are only a few minor details to be settled. The majority of these cannot be attended to until after the arrival of the admiral, and his wishes have been consulted.

All the subcommittees have about finished their work, and have presented their reports to the general committee. The committee on the distribution of tickets was at work all yesterday in the mayor's office until late into the night. They appropriated nearly 20,000 tickets, all there were at their disposal.

There were applicants for more than 100,000 tickets. Their work did not include the distribution of tickets to municipal assembly and the school children's stands. These tickets will be at the disposal of the municipal legislators and the president of the board of education.

The committee on stands will hold its final meeting today and decide exactly what will be the capacity of the new stands. If the committee is responsible for all the expenditures it has authorized, it will have spent more than \$45,000 in excess of the first appropriation made to it of \$30,000, and \$4000 more than it has in sight, even if the municipal assembly votes to give it the additional \$25,000 that is to be asked for at Tuesday's meeting of the aldermen and Tuesday.

For the seventy odd thousand expended, the committee has furnished about 20,000 seats to the ticket committee, 4000 on the two city hall stands, 6000 for the school children, 10,000 for the municipal assembly and 25,000 for the veterans of the G. A. R., a total of about 40,500 seats, for about \$74,000. This is nearly \$2 a seat.

Work on the big Dewey triumphal arch is rapidly being pushed, and the arch will be in proper condition in good time.

Secretary Foster received a dispatch from Governor DeForest Richards of Wyoming, asking leave to withdraw his previous refusal to participate in the celebration. Mr. Foster wired that New York would be pleased to welcome him.

Concerning the committee of seven that is to attend Admiral Dewey during his stay in this city Mr. Foster said he had received a reply in writing from Chauncey Depeew and in person from Richard Croker and William Macadoo.

From conservative estimates by expert shipping men, based on the numbers participating in former naval parades, on the squadrons, fleets and flotillas of yachts, merchant craft, tugs, steam lighters and even steam canal boats and scows, which will be in the water pageant and hovering on the outside, 150,000 people will be afloat to welcome Dewey next Friday.

More than 80 yachts have applied for positions in the first division of the escorting column. Secretary Oddie of the New York Yacht club said that nearly every yacht from which the parade will be viewed will itself be a part of the parade. All the big yachts are home from the Mediterranean on account of the yacht races, and all but one or two of the big fellows are in commission.

The steam yachts which will follow the official boats of the city in the first division of the escorting column will carry small parties only, composed of the immediate families and friends of the yachtsmen. Commodore Morgan will be in command of this division on his floating palace, the Corsair. Nearly 4000 spectators will view the parade from these yachts alone.

Unattached yachts, big and small excursion boats, tugs, steam lighters, the merchant marine not in the procession, ferry boats within the range of vision of the parade, scows and such craft anchored in shore will carry large crowds.

From Gravesend bay, through the narrows, up the bay and the North river to and above Gray's tomb the procession of ships and the ships at rest will stretch, the greatest and most imposing and crowded fleet the new world ever witnessed.

Ranks Will Be Full.

New York, Sept. 25.—Veterans of the Civil war will participate in the land parade in honor of Admiral Dewey, despite the decision of the officials of the Grand Army of the Republic not to order the different posts. Among the organizations which have decided to parade are two platoons of the Medal of Honor legion. All of these men are members of the G. A. R. The Loyal Legion has nominated several of its staff to parade. There will be two organizations of the Duryea Zouaves. There will be a contingent from the Eleventh Veteran Regiment association of the Civil war. The Hawkins Zouaves and two full G. A. R. posts are arranging to take part in the parade. Already 500 veterans have decided to parade, and it is expected that 1200, the limit set by General Roe, will send in applications. The Confederate veterans, who had also decided not to parade, are now arranging to have a representation in the procession.

Won't Participate in Parade.

Ottawa, Sept. 25.—The Forty-eighth Highlanders of Toronto will not be granted permission to visit New York to take part in the reception of Admiral Dewey. The view held here is that Admiral Dewey is the central figure in the New York celebration, yet a glorification of the United States victories in the Spanish war. Under the circumstances, therefore, it is considered very impolitic for a British regiment to participate. The pipe band of the Royal Scots of Montreal has also been refused permission to take part in the proposed demonstration.

Woman Badly Burned.

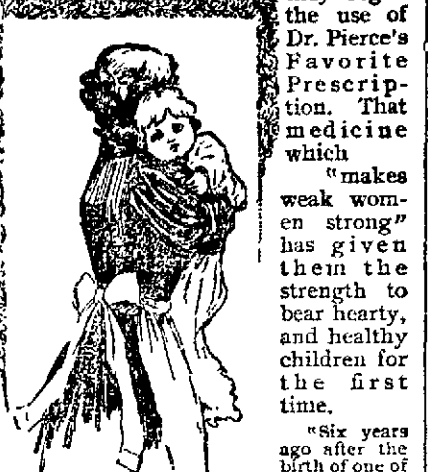
Lowell, Mass., Sept. 25.—As the climber of a drunken row early Sunday morning, it is alleged Edward Gaffney threw a lighted lamp at his wife and she was severely burned, her clothing taking fire. Mrs. Gaffney was taken to the hospital and her husband was arrested.

Two Hundred Victims of Earthquake.

Constantinople, Sept. 25.—The district of Aidin, in Asia Minor, was visited by an earthquake on Sept. 20, when, according to the latest advices, over 200 persons perished.

A Fine Baby

Makes any mother proud. There are a great many proud mothers whose children have been puny and sickly until they began the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. That medicine which "makes weak women strong" has given them the strength to bear hearty, and healthy children for the first time.



"Six years ago after the birth of one of my children I was left in a weak run down condition," says Mrs. O. Hazel, writing from Brooklyn, D. C. "My health seemed utterly gone. I suffered from nervousness, female weakness and rheumatism. Life was a burden. I doctored with three different physicians and got no relief. I tried several patent medicines, all with the same result. I began to get worse and to add to the complications I suffered terribly from constipation. I chanced to see one of your advertisements and I commenced to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Pleasant Pellets and began to improve right away, and continued improving and gaining in strength. I cannot express the relief it was so great. Seven months later my little daughter was born without much trouble. I feel that I would never have been able to endure my confinement but for the help due solely to Dr. Pierce's medicines. She was a fine healthy child and the only one I have ever been able to nurse. She is now two years old and I have never had to take any medicine since, so I feel that your medicine has made a lasting cure with me."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice is sent free on receipt of stamps to defray expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper binding, or 31 stamps for cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

PRICE OF COAL WILL ADVANCE

The Inability of Railroad Companies to Transport the Fuel the Cause

Chicago, Sept. 25.—According to present indications the central west this winter will experience a coal famine which has never before been known in this section of the country. Prosperity, it is said, will be the primary cause of the famine. Ordinarily at this season of the year the railroad companies, especially those whose lines connect east and central west, derive great benefit from the transportation of coal from the eastern fields to this section, but under the present conditions they were unable to provide cars for hauling the fuel owing to the unprecedented handling of other and more profitable commodities. The coal mine owners in the east have spent a noticeable portion of the last six months in trying to secure accommodation for their shipments, but the railroad companies, even in view of the fact that they have operated with greatly increased equipment, have been unable to oblige the coal men. Railroad tariffs on fuel will be advanced and there are strong reasons to believe that before very long they will be some higher than at present, when, under ordinary circumstances, the winter supply of coal to be marketed is comparatively little and must be had on short notice. The inability of coal miners to get their wares on the markets and the general advance of freight rates will serve to make fuel much dearer this winter than ever before, according to coal yard operators.

Reign of Terror in Arkansas.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 25.—A reign of terror exists in the coal mining districts of Sebastian county, where the strike of union miners continues. At Jennie Lind, a crowd of non-unionists, armed with Winchester celebrated on pay day by getting drunk and riddling the church with bullets, where hundreds of non-union men had been imprisoned.

Stern Necessity.



"Don't leave the table," said the landlady as her new boarder rose from his scanty breakfast. "I must, madam. It's hard wood, and my teeth are not what they used to be."—Tit-Bits.

A Genius.

The proprietor of the store told the new window trimmer that his salary would depend on his success in making women look in at the show window. In an hour the sidewalk was so crowded that the proprietor could not get out. "What in the world have you done?" he asked. "Hung a piece of black velvet just back of the window glass," said the trimmer. "Why should all those women crowd up to look at a piece of black velvet?" "It makes a mirror." The proprietor admitted that he could not pay such a man a suitable salary, so he took him into the firm.—New York Wo.

Briefs From Billville.

Our first bale of cotton was marketed yesterday. We got \$10 or 30 days for it. Several of our boys who have been mustered out of the war have returned home to eat up their pensions. Very few have enlisted for the Philippines. In fact, it's hot enough in the Georgia pines for us. The Lord will provide. Cotton has been largely killed out, and we won't have to sell it for 5 cents. We're out for councilman from the First ward; but if we miss it there we'll cross over and run in the Second. Politics is quiet. Almost the only people running are those who have the sheriff behind them.—Atlanta Constitution.

Quicker Than Thought

OUR NEW **BERKSHIRE DRY PLATES**

3½ by 3½ 25 cents.
3½ by 4½ 27 "
4 by 5 39 "
5 by 7 66 "
Other sizes proportionate rates.
Always fresh at our factory.

BLAKE DRY PLATE CO.

10 Walnut Street

George E. Sprong,

Public Accountant and Auditor,
133 North St., Pittsfield, Mass.

Long Distance Phone....

Grading and Sodding.

If you have Grading and Sodding, Contracting and Gutter Paving, or if you wish a new sidewalk made. Dump carts for all purposes.

FRED J. NICHOLS & CO
Notch Road, North Adams, Mass., are the best in this section.

BUSINESS CARDS.

UNDERTAKERS.

SIMMONS & CARPENTER.
Furnishing Undertakers, No. 29 1-4 Eagle street, North Adams, Mass.

LIVERIES.

FORD & ARNOLD.
Livery and Feed stables. Single and double teams. Coaches for funerals and weddings. Four or six-horse teams for large or small parties. 72 Main street, Telephone 26-13.

Livery, Sale and Boarding Stable. Main street, opposite the Wilson house, North Adams. Nice coaches for weddings, parties and funerals. First-class single horses and carriages at short notice on reasonable terms. Also village coach to and from all trains. Telephone connections.

CARRIAGES.

THE STAGE IN NEW YORK

ANIE RUSSELL is not at home in "Miss Hobbs." She is not at home in her case in this new four act comedy of Jerome K. Jerome, which has just been put on at the Lyceum, than Nancy Hanks would be in a furniture van. Seeing an actress of such delicacy and refinement in this "Miss Hobbs" is like beholding a diamond cutter breaking cobblestones. It is like setting an opal in a Brummage brooch. Not that Mr. Jerome's little comedy is not a delightful and in one way an excellent piece of dramatic work. In fact, it is even safe to predict that "Miss Hobbs" will be one of the successes of the year.

But there is only one Annie Russell. That lady has her limitations, it is true, but she also has her own particular niche in the temple of Theatrics, if you can call it a temple nowadays, and that niche no one can fill so well as she. There may be with Miss Russell a tendency to reduce all her roles to a certain dovetail peniveness, a prudence to sighs and a somewhat passive saccharinity and too passionate devotion to the lachrymose muse; but, on the other hand, Miss Russell is an artist to the finger tips. She has an intangible faculty for intellectualizing everything she undertakes, and even though she weeps over you when you expect her to be blithe and buoyant, even though she is melancholy when the prompt book says "merry," is there any one who can shed tears more soulfully than Miss Russell herself? There is, in sooth, a certain rainbow beauty even in those profuse tears of hers, though it must be acknowledged she weeps more with the contrived pathos of her voice than with her eyes.

But in "Miss Hobbs" there are no tears. One might even say that Jerome's new comedy is a farce, so probable are the situations at times, and so broad and witty. But at the same time the treatment is happy and pleasingly light. It is the wholesome and simple little story of how a new woman with a passion for the emancipation of her sex finally meets and is subdued by the old masterful male brute whom she originally had entertained as a profound contempt. The man in the case even allows her to win, but none the less strong minded Miss Hobbs abhors his yacht and, pretending that they have drifted out to sea in a fog, makes the idealistic emancipator of her downtrodden sisters build a fire in the cabin range, cook chops for him, make a pot of coffee and perform those other mental duties which brutal man has imposed upon unprotesting womanhood for centuries.

This first plunge into domesticity is the salvation of Miss Hobbs. She gives up all her beautiful plans for the redemption of her sex and marries the man for whom she once nursed nothing but disgust. But Miss Annie Russell cooking chops seems an incongruity. Aphrodite with a carpet sweeper is far from flattering to our soulful Miss Russell, a young man. She is worthy of better things. She has established her claim to higher dramatic ideals than this, and, to tell the truth, one cannot help feeling that Miss Russell herself knows she is not at home in "Miss Hobbs." In the first two acts she is listless, passive and reserved. She does not let herself out, indeed, until the last act when the real opportunity for delicate and delightful work presents itself. Miss Russell takes advantage of that opportunity to the full, for the charm and finish and subtlety of her work in those last few finishing touches are quite sufficient compensation for the listlessness of the two earlier acts.

The company presenting "Miss Hobbs" is an excellent one. Charles Richman as Wolf Kingsearl, the Pe-truck who turns the redoubtable Miss Hobbs, made a possibility of what would have proved a hopeless part without the forceful interpretation this actor gave it. Clara Bloodgood did excellent work as a loving but somewhat irascible young wife, and Mrs. Gilbert of the Empire theater company showed that she is still a great favorite with a New York audience.

The whole "Miss Hobbs" cannot fail to be one of the favorites of the incoming season. Great as its success may be, it is doubtful if Mr. Charles Frohman will find that it ever compensates for the throwing away of Miss Russell. We prefer her sincerity to her burned chops.

The theatrical center of America just at present is Paris. "In Paradise," still another Parisian farce, has just been shipped over to us, and, redolent of moth balls and bilge water, was put on at the Bijou theater in this city, where it will edify the lovers of the good, the true and the beautiful who care to behold such things as seen through the spectacles of the decadent Frenchman.

But if signs are not amiss there will soon have to be a change in French farce. For two years now the one particular plum in this soggy pudding has been a bedroom scene. In fact, a fine piece of farce without a bedroom escapade would be like "Hamlet" without the Prince.

The essential bedroom became the idol of the French playmaker. There was something so quaint, suggestive and forbidden about a bed chamber that the concocter of the modern farce has not been able to keep out of it. He became a pantalooned chambermaid and took possession of this holy of holies of the household and wove it into the web of his imaginings. He ushered in the era of the pyjamas and the deshabille. His efforts were practically the apotheosis of the nightgown and the undershirt. Anemic young

THE STAGE WORLD.

A new musical comedy has the title of "The Doctor's Warm Reception." It is something was wanted that would at least draw attention, why not "The Doctor's Plaster?"

In the production of "Ben-Hur" use will be made of the treadmill scene, patented by Nell Burgess for "The County Fair," to produce the spectacle of the chariot race.

Sara Bernhardt refuses to disclose her age further than to declare that she never intends to get old. Still, no



Brooklyn clerks who sought to escape the dullness of a hall bedroom by dropping in to see something "warm" drank in every detail of such fascinatingly naughty bedroom scenes and thrilled ecstatically over the peep at mingled lingerie and licentiousness which the exploiter of the "four-poster" dished up to him.

But, naturally, this sort of thing can not go on forever. You can have different kinds of bedrooms, of course, and you can have divers sorts of beds, and you can drag in several duly varied references to the seventh commandment. But even then the bedroom will pall in time.

So there must be a change. What that change will be is plain. If the importers of French farces are to follow out the lines along which they have begun, and if they wish to keep the young clerk from the hall bedroom of Brooklyn still thrilling, there is only one thing for the Gallic playwright and the American manager to do. The bedroom must be discarded and the bathroom must take its place. Here are green fields and pastures new teeming with dramatic possibilities. The channel tub shall supplant the "four-poster" and the attenuated bath robe shall supersede the undershirt. Then, instead of "The Disrobing Act" it will be—why go into details? The supple imagination and the absence of the boulevard will attend to that. We shall have a new era of thrills.

This may or may not happen. If the song is used on the moral matter of the dramatist and manager instead of on the subterfuge, it will be more desirable. But that, of course, is unprofitable. With the up-to-date manager who exploits Parisian farces uncleanliness is next to a Klondike. And, like the Klondiker, he pans most of his gold out of dirt—good, old fashioned dirt, but paying dirt to him.

Here it comes again, the managerial howl about the ticket speculator. This time the wall emanates from Charles Frohman, who, as is well known, is not only the most prominent manager in this country but perhaps the most important theatrical magnate the world has ever seen. Mr. Frohman is determined that the sidewalk speculator must go. He is a nuisance, according to Mr. Frohman, and the law should legislate him out of existence by making it impossible for him to earn a living. Mr. Frohman has incidentally found a panacea for the speculator evil which will without doubt find its way into the pages of the best humorous papers. It contemplates the passage of a law by the city fathers restricting the speculators from plying their vocation within 100 feet of the entrance of any regular place of amusement. The law now permits them to offer tickets for sale anywhere except directly in front of the theater. Mr. Frohman, in his ingenious ignorance of the ways of the world, fondly imagines, or professes to imagine, that if these gentry are moved six or seven hundred feet, the nuisance will be abated. He ought to know, if this were done, that the patrons of his and other houses, knowing just where to find the speculators, would do so whenever it suited their convenience.

If Mr. Frohman were not so innocent of the wiles of mankind, he would endeavor to have an ordinance passed making ticket speculation illegal. It would probably be declared unconstitutional by the first court before which a test case might be made, but the advertisement would be there just the same. Then, if he were terribly in earnest, he might do the very simplest thing in the world, which would at the same time wipe out the evil in a flash. That would be to issue to purchasers of seats consecutively numbered tickets on which nothing would be stated as to the number or even the location of the seats. On the stub bearing a corresponding number the Cecil Rhodes of the box office writes those particulars.

matter what her age may be, she is one of the greatest actresses of her age. George A. Beane, who has so long been associated with the Hoyt plays, will be with May Irwin this season. There were no women on the English stage up to 1656, all the roles being played by men. Hauptmann, the German, is working on five pieces at once. Still the old saying, "All work and no play," cannot be made to fit the case. Helena Modjeska's repertory will in-

This stub is turned over in the evening to the assistant doorkeeper, who arranges them conveniently and consecutively on hooks on a table near the doorkeeper in chief. When you present your ticket, you are handed the seat coupons attached to the stub bearing the same number, and the trick is done. How does this prevent ticket speculation? Why, in the simplest manner in the world. No one has ever accused the general public of having unbounded confidence in the integrity and veracity of ticket speculators. Some of these gentlemen have even been known to sell you all at a dollar apiece seats which were represented to be worth the same price in the theater simply because they happened to be "stuck." When the purchasers have got inside, they have been informed that the seats were in the last row of the gallery. Therefore, if a speculator were to offer the average New Yorker a slip bearing a cabalistic number, without date or anything else to identify it, except the name of the theater, he would be apt to reply to the speculator's statement that the slip was exchangeable for three seats worth \$2 each with what is known in slang parlance as the "merry hat hat." So, if Mr. Frohman is losing sleep because of his inability to devise a means whereby the ticket speculator may be suppressed, he may have this formulae of charge and may hereafter pass his nights in peace—and incidentally in the Waldorf-Astoria.

thy. He can tell you what he wishes to say with his little eyes, and he can be eloquent with the vaggings of his stumpy tail. This kind of a companion is not such a comrade himself to all persons, for there are those in the world who like chatters and consider the unending small talk of the drawing room the highest and most pleasurable expression of human wit.

For such as these the bulldog is not likely to have the greatest attractions. Let such have a frolicsome dog or a kitten that will chase its tail. But the bulldog is a good companion for a quiet man of a thoughtful and philosophic cast of mind. The bulldog will not disturb his musings, the bulldog will not say the wrong thing at a time when silence is precious, for the bulldog rarely speaks. When he does, he is short, though not sharp, in his communications and very much to the purpose.

HE DIDN'T PUNISH THEM.

John Philip Sousa's greatest personal hobby is punctuality, and he likes punctuality in the members of his band too. When a bandman is late, he receives a severe reprimand. Precisely at 4 o'clock each afternoon Sousa is in his place, baton in hand, ready for the first number.

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"We will wait until he starts up one of his marches," said a bandman, "and then march on the stage in single file, playing our instruments."

This was done, and so it pleased Sousa and the audience that the impromptu piece had to be repeated.

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WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning; \$1 a year in advance.

A. W. HARDMAN.
The Transcript Building, Bank Street,
North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.—John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by the Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY

From seal of the city of North Adams.

MONDAY AFTERNOON, SEPT. 25, '99

ADVERTISERS in the Transcript are the best business men in the community. Their advertisements are worth reading and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

NORTH ADAMS' DEBT TO BATES

The republican caucuses for the choice of delegates to all the important republican conventions will be held in this city tomorrow evening. Now, on the very eve of these caucuses, it may not be out of place to say a word exclusively to the people of North Adams touching particularly the contest for lieutenant governor.

The Transcript has given its humble support to John L. Bates in preference to Curtis Guild, Jr. We were decided in doing this by two things, one of which we propose to speak pointedly about at the present time. We were convinced in the beginning that John L. Bates was the more representative man for the republicans to name for lieutenant governor, and we were convinced that he was altogether the best fitted man for public service. We were fully aware of the qualities of Mr. Guild. Mr. Guild is a most promising man, a man who has it within his power and, we hope within himself, to become a most useful member of the social body. He has studied the economic problems and can discourse about them with the facility of a college professor, but, to borrow a figure from the rhetoric of war, he is a man who has not smelled powder. He is a theorist, an entertaining speaker, sometimes eloquent, but Mr. Bates has smelled powder. Mr. Bates has been schooled in the public service. He has admirably filled the most developing office in the public service of Massachusetts, the office of speaker of the popular house of the state legislature, the office of the state legislator.

John L. Bates knows the methods of legislation and the ways of legislators, and he knows these things as Mr. Guild does not know them. To Mr. Guild they are "things you read about"; to Mr. Bates they are things of his experience. And in obtaining this experience fully fitting a man for lieutenant governor or governor, Mr. Bates has proved himself an incorruptible man. Mr. Bates comes out of all his political experience with a character and record which no man has dared to assail in this hottest fight for lieutenant governor which Massachusetts has known in years. Mr. Bates has been under the public searchlight for years, while Mr. Guild has been in the privacy of his office as the favored and petted member of the firm which publishes that very commercial journal, the Commercial Bulletin. But—and please note this carefully—the glare of publicity to which Mr. Bates has been subjected leaves him a man as unscathed, as unharmed and as unattackable as Mr. Guild, who has been all these years in the privacy of his office, except on such short and comparatively private occasions when he chose to talk from the platform for his own and his party's cause, and the time he was one of the thousands who served as a volunteer in the Spanish war. We do not hold it against him that he, even in war, never smelled powder, nor say as many have done that it was the influence of his friends which secured him a position in the service in Cuba very far removed from the firing line. And just as we do not care to criticize him as a carpet knight, we do not care to give him undue laudation, as has been the practice of his friends, because he volunteered with many, many hundreds of Massachusetts men to fight his country's battles. It is, after all, not so much the volunteering. North Adams has received home a number of her sons, wrecked and pitifully emaciated, much in contrast to the condition in which Mr. Guild returned. But that is nothing. It is written: "He also serves who only stands and waits."

To return to John L. Bates and get to the matter we wish now to talk about. But let us first say that we have purposely been silent in this matter. The people of this city know how the Transcript's support of Mr. Bates has been challenged by the one or two out-and-out Guild newspapers in the state. That challenge has kept us from pointing out North Adams' debt to Mr. Bates lest it should be said by those newspapers that our support of him was founded in selfishness. Our support of Mr. Bates had not its origin in selfishness, though we believe this

city owes enough to Mr. Bates to cause her to support him in the face of many shortcomings if he had them. But Mr. Bates is far from having shortcomings which should be considered in this contest. He is able, of unblemished character, a man of experience in public service and a man of singular uprightness. When, added to this, is a local reason, a reason based on invaluable service rendered to North Adams, we should consider ourselves fit to be catalogued with the ungrateful if we failed to be enthusiastic in Mr. Bates' support.

North Adams has never made an unworthy request in the state's legislative halls, and every time North Adams has appeared in the legislature she found the staunchest kind of friend in John L. Bates. Mr. Bates championed North Adams whenever she needed a champion on Beacon hill. When but a member of the house, Mr. Bates was a friend on whom North Adams never failed to call and never found him failing her. When he became speaker of the house he was ready at every time to call another to the chair of the presiding officer and take the floor in behalf of North Adams. Shall we forget this? Is it not enough to make us support him, even if he were not as we know him to be, the best fitted man for lieutenant governor? Shall we be carried off our feet by talk of party fealty and by the glamor of a "first" volunteer and made to forget and prove unfaithful to our able, conscientious and most faithful friend? North Adams has not yet fallen to that level though there may be men and influences at work to push her down to it for a money consideration or in hope of some personal reward. There is no man in public life today to whom North Adams owes as much as she does to John L. Bates. Take one instance, the normal school. We cannot say what would have been if things had been different, so we cannot say that North Adams would not have had the normal school if John L. Bates had not worked indefatigably in North Adams' interests. But this we can say, John L. Bates used all his powers on behalf of North Adams, going so far as to make the closing speech at a late hour, in a long and tedious debate. That speech was for North Adams and the vote taken immediately gave North Adams the normal school. That magnificent building in the fifth ward will always be the most material reminder of the friendship and labors of John L. Bates for North Adams. But it is not the building, it is what the building means in higher education for the sons and daughters of this city irrespective of wealth or station, an institution free to the children of the poorest parents of North Adams. It has already shown what it is. It has already taught a class of our young people to be teachers, and every one of them has been found a lucrative position. And it stands up there inviting more.

How shall we remember Bates?

John L. Bates is the winner.

Aguiñaldo has not kept his promise about exchanging prisoners. He is busy making more captures.

Marconi, the macaroni wireless telegraph man, has arrived in this country to conduct some experiments with General Greeley of the United States signal service.

There is a cyclone of demonstration for George Fred Williams nowadays, but the democrats will nestle together presently and Williams will be king of the roost. It is unwise to take this democratic talk seriously.

England, it is reported, comes into possession of Delagoa Bay, receiving it from Portugal. In event of war with the Transvaal, Delagoa Bay an English possession would be of immense importance to Great Britain.

The Boston Globe, an independent paper, says the Guild men in their more candid moment admit that the Bates candidacy has grown in favor in Boston during the past week. Tomorrow night will bring the Guild men the biggest surprise of the season.

The Springfield Republican, a newspaper with a Guild tendency omitted to mention the lieutenant governorship contest in its Sunday comment on state matters. This is a most significant omission. If there had been much hope for Guild the Republican would have been pleased to state it.

The Boston and Albany railroad affair is contributing handsomely to democratic politics. The "protective" committee, working in the interests of the stockholders who want more money from the New York Central, are threatening to overturn the management of the road, and the Vanderbilt interests are reported as having decided to drop the Boston and Albany and turn their attention to the leasing of the Fitchburg. It is a question of driving the best bargain and the public be—blowed. If this kind of thing keeps on we think the scruples of the sensitive gentlemen, who have been opposed to the state buying the Boston and Albany at par, will materially disappear.

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But all the men on whom I turned That sudden sidelong glance, Looked sudden to death, and asking me me if I had St. Vitus dance.

I practiced blushing till mamma (Who always fears the worst) With apoplexy in her mind, Forbade me lest I burst. I've simpered, bridled, tossed my head, Sighed, pouted all in vain; Society, with one accord, Pronounces me insane.

So noliens volens I resigna My last despairing hope, It's hard to teach an elephant To dance upon a rope— But if I patiently endure These prosy earthly days, Perhaps in heaven I shall have Some little witching ways! —Harlem Life.

YANKEE PNEUMATIC TOOLS.

Heavy Demand For Them in England, France and Germany.

It is reported in London, according to a cablegram received by the New York Commercial, that the British admiralty has decided to adopt the use of American pneumatic riveters and other tools driven by compressed air in the government shipyards and that this decision is creating a great commotion among the members of the English trade unions, who apprehend that these labor saving devices may throw a large number of men out of work. A decision to adopt American tools of these kinds has been expected for a long time among the makers of them in New York, and there is reason to believe that within a short time a great number of them may be added to our exports to the older countries.

Inquiries made in New York by The Commercial show that the British war office has already become a heavy purchaser of tools of this sort, presumably for the Woolwich arsenal shops, that the Midland railroad has just ordered an equipment of them for its car works and that many private shops are adding them to their equipment.

The German government has already adopted them in its shipyards and railroad shops, and shipments are being made to its naval department at the present time. American air compressors have also been recently ordered for use in Paris in connection with the municipal sewerage system; for use in the Lancashire and Midland districts in England; for shops in Berlin and to operate tools in the oilfields of Bahia in Brazil.

NEW WAY TO GET A JURY.

Chicago Judge Walks Among Venire Men and Questions Them.

Judge Hutchinson of Chicago recently introduced a novel method of examining venire men. It was the opening day of the last half of the September term of court, and new jurors were selected in each of the branches of the court. It is the custom of the judges to call the venire men before them and question them closely with reference to their qualifications to serve. But Judge Hutchinson descended from the bench and circulated among the venire men.

His honor had the men arranged in line like a squad of candidates for military service. Then he walked along in front of the venire men and spoke to each individually. He questioned the men concerning their education, their families, their health and their ability to understand the expressions and legal terms which are used in court, says the Chicago Post. After he had finished this he surveyed the "line up" in much the same manner as a commanding officer would size up his soldiers on parade. Beckoning with the forefinger of his right hand, Judge Hutchinson said, "Come here," and as each man called stepped out of the line his honor said, "You will serve as a juror for the next two weeks." The men selected handed their subpoenas to the clerk and took their places as accepted jurors.

The plan worked well, and the jury panel was secured in much less time than is usually consumed in swearing in a jury. The method of the judge in walking among the venire men and picking out a jury was of much interest to lawyers and others who witnessed it.

GAVEL FOR THE PRESIDENT.

Made From Timbers of Spanish Fort at Guantanamo Bay.

G. W. Baird, superintendent of the state, war and navy building at Washington, recently sent to Secretary Porter, to be handed to the president, a gavel of historic interest. Mr. Baird thought the president could use the gavel in laying the cornerstone of the federal building at Chicago.

The gavel is of caguerau, or iron wood, and is very heavy, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. It was taken from timbers of the old Spanish fort on Guantanamo bay, Cuba, where the first fight of the Spanish-American war took place. The American end was upheld by marines, and Dr. Gibbs and several soldiers were killed. The fort was afterward renamed Fort McCalla.

Near where the gavel came from was situated the first Masonic lodge ever convened in Cuba. The gavel was made by Gardner C. Sims, the chief engineer of the Vulcan.

Sampson's Tribute to Dewey.
Admiral Sampson's generous tribute to the victor of Manila bay appears in the October Century, under the title of "Admiral Dewey as a National Hero." The name of Dewey is set beside those of Nelson and Farragut, each of these three admirals having rendered transcendent service to his country. "His career has given a lofty impetus to the young," writes Admiral Sampson, "which will bear fruit in nobler aspirations. He has become one of the most valued possessions which a nation can have—a national hero."

The Invasion of the Soft Hat.
Men's styles are so wooden and so inflexible that it is a relief to have a touch of novelty in masculine apparel, says the New York Sun. The silk hat and the derby are all right as conventional modes of headgear, but men generally will welcome the comfortable and adaptable soft hat and bless the fashion that brought it in.

STUDYING THE STARS.

Astronomers Getting Ready For Two Great Events.

NEW DISCOVERIES LOOKED FOR.

The Newly Discovered Planet Eros to Approach the Earth—Total Eclipse of the Sun Next Year—Study of the Corona.

Several events of great interest to astronomers are due to occur in the more or less near future, for which active preparations are being made, writes a correspondent of the New York Mail and Express. Among these is the approach to the earth next year of the newly discovered planet Eros. On the 13th of August, 1898, Herr Witt of the Urania observatory, at Berlin, discovered an asteroid which was at first thought to differ in no important respect from the hundreds of other small bodies which circle around the sun in the space between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter. When its path was calculated, however, it was at once seen that the new body was unique among its companions, for, while all the other asteroids pursue their courses completely outside the orbit of Mars, Eros, as the new member of the solar system was named, at times comes nearer to the earth than any other known celestial body, the moon only excepted. In fact, its mean distance from the sun is less than the mean distance of Mars, and at its closest approach Eros is only about 13,000,000 miles from the earth, while Mars under the most favorable circumstances never comes nearer than 35,000,000 miles. At the time of discovery the new planet was about the eleventh magnitude in brightness, but when nearest the earth it will about equal a sixth magnitude star.

The next close approach of Eros to the earth will be on Jan. 3, 1917, and one still more favorable is due on Jan. 25, 1924. In November, 1900, however, Eros and the earth will be separated by only 31,000,000 miles, and it is for this time that plans are being laid. Professor Edward C. Pickering has completed drawings for a new form of telescope which he trusts will be ready for this occasion. The glass disks for the lenses have already been procured, and it is hoped that the funds for its completion will be forthcoming. As projected this telescope will have an aperture of only 12 to 14 inches—not large for modern instruments—and its focal length will be 135 to 162 feet. This form will, it is thought, make it possible to do certain kinds of astronomical work much better than with the larger instruments. The idea is supported by the excellent results which have been achieved with the 24 inch instrument now located at the Harvard station in Peru and the money to construct which was provided by Miss Catherine W. Bruce of New York. This latter instrument is known as the Bruce photographic telescope, and with its aid a large portion of the southern sky has been photographed with such minuteness that in some cases 400,000 stars appear on a single plate. Now Professor Pickering wants another of the aperture and focal length already mentioned. The new telescope will probably be placed horizontally and the star reflected into it by means of a mirror, the motion of the earth being counteracted by moving the photographic plate by clockwork, thus making a large horizontal photo heliograph.

Press dispatches from Kingston, Jamaica, where Professor Pickering spent a part of the summer, represent him as being favorably impressed with that island as a location for the new instrument. The reason why it is considered so important to observe Eros is that in this way it is hoped to determine more accurately the distance of the earth from the sun, the astronomical unit on which all other measurements depend. The large parallax which Eros presents when near the earth affords a most excellent opportunity for determining this important constant. The transit of Venus in 1874 was observed from about 80 stations at a cost of more than \$1,000,000 in the attempt to solve this problem. There will not be another transit of Venus, however, until 2004, and in the meantime the sun's distance will undoubtedly be determined more closely than is possible by such transits in other and better ways, and among these other ways observations of Eros take a high rank. The best figures obtainable to date on the sun's distance from the earth are 92,796,950 miles, which is believed not to be more than 60,000 miles in error.

Another astronomical event of next year and one in which the new Harvard telescope would prove very valuable is the total eclipse of the sun of May 28, 1900, a phenomenon which of course is of great spectacular and popular interest, as it will be visible in a narrow path extending from New Orleans to Norfolk. The totality will last about two minutes only, but those two minutes will be put to good use provided the weather is good. Meteorological records show that the stations in the Appalachian mountains are more likely to have clear skies at that season than points on the seacoast, so that the majority of the observing parties will probably choose inland places for their headquarters on eclipse day.

Total eclipses of the sun are rare at any given place. There will be none visible in the United States after that of next May until June 8, 1918, so that many people, aside from the professional astronomers, will doubtless take the opportunity to witness next spring this grandest of nature's spectacles. Certain it is that no celestial phenomenon can equal in majesty and awe inspiring qualities a total solar eclipse. The apparently unnatural darkening of the sun, the body on which all the earth's life depends, is produced with a weird effect which must be seen to be appreciated. Few will regret the time and trouble to reach a point from which the eclipse can be witnessed. Next year's eclipse will be visible in Spain, Portugal and Algeria as well as in the southern part of the United States, and scientists hope for a uniform series of observations in all these countries. As in the case of recent

LOVE'S LABOR LOST

When a good man or woman, toiling tirelessly to give their children a better start in the world than he or she ever had, is taken away by some illness which might have been prevented by the timely use of Curo Blood Tonic, it is love's labor lost. Curo Blood Tonic makes pure, wholesome blood and then disease can not get a foothold.

It is the matchless remedy for all diseases due to poor or deficient blood, and for affections of the nerves, stomach, liver and kidneys. Its laxative action is most delightful and effective.

Mr. Thomas Murningham, dyer, 147 East Main street, Amsterdam, N. Y., says: "I regard Curo Blood Tonic as a wonderful remedy for kidney disease and Curo Oil is certainly of great value in relieving pain. I have used both medicines with much success, and recommend them highly."

Regular \$1 bottle of Curo Blood Tonic for 50c. For sale by Malone, the druggist, North Adams, Riley's Adams.

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MODEL PASTOR IN OHIO.

Draws His Salary, but Expects It and More on His Pious.

It is unusual to find an oil speculator in the pulpit. It is equally unusual to find a pastor who returns to his congregation each year his entire salary and adds to the gift a slice of his private income besides. Andover, Ashtabula county, has such a preacher in the Rev. E. T. Coyle, who is also an orator, poet and diplomat, says the New York Sun. Under his charge the attendance at the evening services in the Andover Congregational church has increased from some 25 to an audience ranging from 300 to 400, and the average service is attended by one-third of the population of Andover.

Mr. Coyle prefers the rural town to the crowded city and therefore came to the church at Andover, which can only afford to pay \$700 per annum. He believes in the principle that the laborer is worthy of his hire and does not refuse to receive his salary, but expects it upon the church and congregation, and other denominations than his own share in his liberality. The Methodist congregation in Andover built a new parsonage for their pastor recently, and he gave \$50 toward the fund without being asked.

Several years ago he became interested in oil speculations in West Virginia, which brought him large returns, and his business is large.

SEIZED BY A SAURIAN.

Girl Swimmer's Plucky Fight With an Alligator.

Some days ago a little girl, a daughter of Mrs. Fields, living on Lake Gibson, near Lakeland, Fla., jumped off the wharf on the lake to take a swim. She is an expert swimmer, but had hardly touched the water before she was seized by the leg, between the knee and ankle, by an alligator. She was pulled under the water by the saurian, but managed to break away and started hastily toward the shore, only a few yards distant, says the Florida Times-Union and Citizen. The 'gator again came to the attack, this time seizing her in the fleshy part of the side, between the ribs and hip. The little one was plucky, however, and managed to again break away from the cruel jaws, this time reaching the shore, the 'gator following until she was on dry land; then he disappeared from view.

The girl never lost her presence of mind, which probably was the reason of her escaping alive. She gives a very graphic description of the dangerous encounter and has two very ugly wounds to vouch for her story. She says she could not see the entire length of the beast, but from what she could see would judge it to have been only about five feet long—a small 'gator to attack a person. The girl is probably 14 years of age.

Letters in Snow Led Him to His Friend.

Letters were received recently from Peter Lennie and Lynn Smith of Anderson, Ind., who had a most remarkable meeting in the Alaskan snowfield passes, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. While going over the passes Smith happened to occasionally write his name in the snow along the cliffs or banks. Lennie noticed the name and took to the trail. He was in need of friends and pushed on, doubling on him, and finally, by finding the name written at intervals of a mile, he managed to make the right turns and come in on Smith just at a critical time. They have been together since and have met with good success.

Smashed the Potato Race Record.

At the annual field day of the Knights of Columbus at Combination park in Boston the other afternoon, J. J. Crowley of the East Boston A. A. made a new record for a potato race in the time of 31 2-5 seconds, says the New York Sun. Crowley held the old record of 22 1-5. Arthur Duffy of Worcester defeated "Billy" Holland of Boston college in a special 120 yard race and also defeated J. J. Peters of Yale in a special 100 yard race. The winner's time in both events was slow.

Home, Dewey, Home Again!

[Air: "America."] Our only admiral! Thy fame perpetual Shall glorify thee! Home, Dewey, home again! Star of thy countryment! Welcome, oh, welcome them, Triumphant!

A mighty nation sings, And grandest music rings To heaven's dome. Rising in love around, Victory laurel crowned, Cheering with joyful sound Our hero home!

Come now abide with us; Our hearts unanimous In homage call. Cease toil laborious, Rest, chiefest, glorious, Honored, victorious—Beloved of all!

Breast in war and peace; So may thy joys increase Unfadingly. Boundless be thy reward; Say we with one accord, Praying our gracious Lord On church, then—

BOSTON STORE | BOSTON STORE

Last 3 Days of the Blanket Sale

If you have a need for Blankets or Comfortables this fall or winter buy them at the Boston Store.

Petticoats
New petticoats are being shown here in great variety and at the right prices.

Dress Goods
The new dress goods are here in a great variety and now is your chance to buy your new gown and have something different from anybody else. All of our nice dress goods come in single dress patterns. No two alike. The plaids for skirts the same way; no two skirt lengths alike. The black crepons were never so pretty as this season.

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Butterick Patterns

We are the sole agents for Butterick patterns. October Fashion Sheet and Delineator now ready.

Yokes and Fronts

We now have on display the greatest collection of beautiful new embroidery and tuck silk, all overs for yokes and fronts ever brought to North Adams.

New Neckwear

A great assortment of stocks, jabots, plain and polka dot Windsor ties, lace ties, black liberty silk pompadour boas, with long flowing ends. Also new trimmings of every description.

BOSTON STORE, Blackinton Block

A Model Tailoring Department

We open our custom tailoring room this season with a most desirable assortment of the newest and most reliable cloths in market. The styles have been carefully selected and no house in western Massachusetts will show a more complete assortment.

Our suits to measure range from \$15 to \$5.00 and have our perfect guarantee of excellence—every garment warranted to be perfectly satisfactory or not taken.

Mr. Thomas Monteith

Has taken a position with us as cutter and manager of this department. We shall retain his old force of tailors added to our own, and can promise prompt service.

We aim to make our prices lower than the same class of work elsewhere and have every facility for turning out the best garments at moderate price.

We cordially invite Mr. Monteith's friends to visit him in his new quarters. Bring your own cloth and we will make up it in the very best manner.

Suits, 15.00 to 18.00.
Trousers, 2.50.
Overcoats, 15.00 to 18.00.

BARNARD & CO.

Custom Room.
Entrance, Holden Street.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A complete traveler's guide, with railroad, street railway and postoffice timetables, will be found on page 5.

News items of interest are gladly received by The Transcript, and should be left at the office as early in the day as possible.

Communications on live topics are solicited by The Transcript. They must in every case be accompanied by the names of the writers (not necessarily for publication if good reason for withholding them is shown,) and must be brief to insure publication.

Notices of meetings and events intended for the "Tonight's Events" department must be left at the office by 10 o'clock in the morning to insure insertion.

The Transcript's telephone number for counting room and news departments is 230.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

- 1492—Balboa discovered the Pacific ocean and took possession in the name of Spain.
- 1775—Ethan Allen was captured by the British.
- 1794—Mrs. Felicia Dorothea Hemans, author of many gems in English poetry, was born in Liverpool, died 1835.
- 1810—Marshall Macdonald, a general under Napoleon and by him created Duke of Tarentum, died at Courcelles, France; born 1768.
- 1865—George Steers, builder of the famous yacht America, which brought the queen's cup to America, killed by being thrown from his wagon.
- 1867—British troops, under Generals Outram and Havelock, relieved Lucknow and saved the garrison by fighting their way into the British residency.
- 1870—Siege of Paris begun.
- 1890—Professor Sir George Murray Humphrey, author of noted medical works, died in London; born 1820.

TONIGHT'S EVENTS.

Columbia theater—"The Turtle."
Cascade lodge, N. E. O. P., meets.
Barbers' union meets.
Painters' union meets.
Bricklayers' union meets.
Rathbone Sisters meet.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

- The Y. M. C. A. Bible class meets tonight at 7:30 o'clock.
- Milford Coon has taken a position in the store of Morris Gatsick.
- The west side of State street was opened for traffic this afternoon.
- The last meeting of the assessors will be held Friday afternoon and evening.
- A daughter was born September 22 to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Brosseau of 237 State street.
- There will be a meeting of the democratic city committee tonight at the district court room.
- Clapp's band held a meeting yesterday but reached no decision in regard to the future of the band after Mr. Clapp's retirement.
- Dr. Henin amputated the tip of the little finger of Dora Feodor's left hand Saturday. The girl is seven years old and gangrene caused the amputation.
- Schuyler C. Clark, the first reader in the local Christian Science church, is considering a change to Toledo, Ohio, but has not yet finally decided.
- The Misses Blackwell and Dineen of this city and a dozen friends enjoyed a ride to Bennington, Vt., in one of Ford & Arnold's tally-ho Sunday.
- Mt. Hope lodge, Degree of Honor, has changed its meeting nights from the first and third Thursdays of each month to the first and third Mondays.
- A bunch of keys was found on Main street this morning. The same are now at police headquarters, where they may be had by calling and proving property.
- Berkshire council, Royal Arcanum, which has held its meetings in Odd Fellows hall, will hereafter meet in the new hall at the corner of Bank and Summer streets.
- The F. M. T. A. baseball team went to Valley Falls Saturday and defeated the team of that place by the score of 13 to 6. The battery for the local team was Slattery and Davison.
- The bans of marriage were published for the first time at St. Thomas' church in Adams, Sunday, between Miss Kathryn Nary of that town and James Keegan of this city.
- The Kings Daughters of the Baptist church will resume their meetings Wednesday evening and Mrs. H. W. Clark will talk on her journey to the "land of the midnight sun."
- There are now in the soldiers' home at Bennington: 102 veterans of the civil war and two of the Spanish war. Of the number 80 are present, the balance being on furlough. Three are seriously ill in the hospital.
- By special request of the company F. E. Gurney, whose resignation as manager of the Western Union telegraph office was to take effect October 1, has consented to remain in charge of the office till November 1.
- The W. R. C. will give a concert and dance in G. A. R. hall Friday evening. The program consists of selections from W. S. Underwood's mammoth phonograph interspersed with selections given by local talent. Dancing will follow the concert.
- William Maloney, state organizer of the socialist labor party, is to visit Pittsfield the first week in October, where he will make several addresses. He is to spend some time about the county, where he will organize several branches of the party and probably speak in this city.
- Rev. William Copley Winslow, D. D., LL. D., of Boston, the archaeologist, is passing September at the Greylock. He is the official head of the Egypt exploration fund for the United States, and its local secretary for Williams college is Professor John H. Hewitt, LL. D.
- North Adams lodge, A. O. U. W., will hold a smoke talk tomorrow evening in its hall on Center street. The speakers will be C. A. Brown, supervisor of the Boston district, and Past Master Workman A. F. Howell of Boston. A musical program will be rendered, there will be cigars for all and those who attend will pass the evening pleasantly.
- A surprise party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Cleveland Saturday evening in honor of Wallace Brown. Whist and dancing were enjoyed and refreshments were served. First prizes were won by Miss Mamie Kelly and John Clark, consolation by Miss Anna Kelly and Thomas Riley. Miss Mamie Kelly presented Mr. Brown in behalf of those present with a handsome Morris chair.

—Mrs. R. Simon has returned from New York city where she has been for the past two weeks selecting fall and winter millinery.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

P. W. Smith of Boston, who was connected with the building of the Hoosac tunnel, has been visiting friends in the city.
Harry Browne has returned from the east where he has been playing the J. W. Gorman circuit of New England parks. He will remain in town a short time preparing a new act which he will put on in New York, the coming season.
Fred Warren returned to Columbia college, New York, today.
T. Brown and T. Lewis of C. H. Cutting & Co's store are ill at their respective homes.
John Hanley is in Baltimore, Md., and will attend the Dewey celebration in New York.
Edward Gulman and Edward Hourahan will enter Columbia college, New York, this week.
Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Gallup drove to Worthington today to spend the week with friends and attend the East Cumington fair.
Miss Goldie Gatsick and Albert Gatsick of Troy passed Sunday with Morris Gatsick.
Edward and Dr. Vadnais and Edmond Rissatillon will spend a fishing trip of several days at Lake Okauchewa.
Officer J. A. Bowes and Fireman William McCue expect to go to New York tomorrow or Wednesday and stay until after the Dewey parade.

Couldn't Stay in South Africa

Alfred Mabbett, son of Samuel Mabbett, has returned from South Africa, where he has been for a number of years. He says that the business of the country was badly hurt by the international troubles, and the future looked so dark he thought it best to leave.

Another Library Report

From the Springfield Republican:
It is said that Miss Veazie, who has been assistant librarian at the public library for some years, has been given an opportunity to resign. Recent affairs in connection with the library are creating considerable feeling, and already calls are heard for a change in the board of trustees.

An Apple Tree in Blossom

From the Springfield Republican:
A decided novelty is to be seen on the east road from North Adams to Adams. It is an apple tree on Joseph McAdoo's farm at Zylonite, one side of which is in full bloom. There has been a small bonfire near the tree, and the theory of some who try to account for this unseasonable blossoming is that the heat from the fire was the cause of the buds opening at this time.

A Sympathetic Tribute

The following tribute to the late Miss Dorothy L. F. Wheeler, by Townsend H. Fellows, was published in the Daily Saratogian of September 2:
"The recent death in this village of Miss Dorothy L. F. Wheeler removed from among us a singer with a wonderfully brilliant future. She was the possessor of a soprano voice of more than ordinary beauty, which she had cultivated to an extent far above the average student. Her voice was of a dramatic quality, rich, full and exceedingly mellow, with a silvery limpidity about it that was greatly out of the common and put one in mind of Albani when that great singer was at her best. Her singing was characterized by a broadness of interpretation and a wealth of feeling that was remarkable. She seemed to sing from her very soul. She was a thorough student and had mastered the Lieder of Schubert, Schumann and Mendelssohn, songs by Bach, Mozart, Beethoven and Haydn, the standard oratorio and a large number of French songs, of which she was very fond. She possessed all the qualifications that go to make up the great singer—voice, looks, education, application to study and indomitable will power—a wonderful combination and one that would have placed her in the front rank of America's famous singers."
Miss Wheeler was a native of Adams, where she lived until her thirtieth year. She was a grand-daughter of D. D. Wheeler of the old firm of Plunkett & Wheeler, and was a cousin of William B. and Charles T. Plunkett. It will be remembered that her death occurred under peculiarly sad circumstances, she having been one of the victims of the terrible Windsor hotel fire in New York city, at which she received injuries and shock resulting fatally. Her remains were brought to Adams and interred in the Wheeler and Plunkett plot in the Maple street cemetery.

BLACKINTON

Earl Washburn left this morning to enter the Philadelphia Institute of Technology.
George Green, a member of the North Adams hall team, and who has been spending a few days in town with Manager Mackay, returned to his home in Worthington, Conn., Saturday afternoon.
Miss Frances Galvin is home from a two months' visit in Jamestown, N. Y.
Rev. Christy Collier, who has many friends here, occupied the pulpit in the Congregational church at North Adams Sunday.
The weaving department of the Blackinton mills will start to night working overtime until 9:30 o'clock in order to fill orders.
Work has commenced on a handsome new residence for W. W. Richmond of North Adams on land purchased from B. F. Oids on West Main street.
Mrs. Westbrook of Schaghticoke, N. Y., is spending a few days here, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Leander Strail.
Melvin Robinson, a well known and rising young monologist and impersonator, will give an entertainment in Temperance hall on Friday and Saturday evenings.
The Father Mathew Dramatic club has selected a cast and will soon present the military drama, "The blue and the grey." It is one of the strongest military plays ever written and has been produced in all the leading theatres in the country.

THE DAY IN POLITICS

County Commissioner Contest Attracting Most Attention, The Representative Fight

The city is unusually hot with politics today. The county commissioner fight, the representative contest and the making up of the slate for the lieutenant governor are keeping the politicians busy. The lieutenant governor matter is the least of the politician's troubles because it is admitted that the delegates will be for Bates, the sentiment of the city being Bates without question.

With reference to the county commissioner matter the only candidates in the field are Colonel Richardson and George A. Hastings. The friends of both candidates are putting up a hard fight. Both are claiming a majority of the delegates to be chosen tomorrow evening, but good judges of the situation are of the opinion that Mr. Hastings has the best of it up to date. Mr. Hastings is looking after his own campaign, and W. B. Arnold of the firm of Ashe & Arnold is at the head of the friends of Colonel Richardson. The struggle will continue uninterruptedly with all the vigor possible till the ballots are counted tomorrow evening.

W. W. Gallup is in the field for the office of county commissioner on the democratic ticket. He is a man of sound judgment and large business experience and will make a strong candidate. He was in business for many years in Clarksburg, where he served as selectman and assessor, and he also represented the district in the legislature in 1892. Mr. Gallup is now a resident of this city, where he is well and favorably known, and his candidacy for the office of county commissioner will undoubtedly be welcomed by his party. If the nomination goes to him he should be able to make a good showing at the polls.

The Pittsfield writer for the Sunday Republican in his political news yesterday brought up the name of W. H. Chase, last year's candidate for county commissioner, as a candidate this year. The representative contest is not attracting half the attention the county commissioner fight is attracting. The candidates are Representative R. B. Harvie, Dr. Homer Bushnell and C. A. Card. The friends of Dr. Bushnell are out today with their sleeves rolled up and it is their belief that the nomination will go to their man. The nomination of Mr. Harvie is a foregone conclusion, and the fight for the other position on the ticket comes between Dr. Bushnell and Mr. Card. The outcome will be in doubt until the result of the caucuses is announced.

As things now look the caucuses to be held tomorrow evening will be largely attended and some lively times are expected. All the contests are being carried on good naturedly.

MISPLACED CONFIDENCE

Bennington Man Loses Watch and Papers. Quick Police Work

Melvin H. Robinson of Bennington, who said he represented the Wilmington and Readsboro, Vt., papers and the Vermont Farm Journal, reported at the police station this afternoon a story of hard luck, which involved the loss of his watch and some clothing and valuable papers. He said he came to this city Sunday, and to pass away the time went out riding with a man he did not know. He imbibed more or less freely, and when he reached North Pownal, Vt., found that his \$15 watch, his grip containing his clothing and all his receipts were missing.
The police took his description of the man, and soon saw the one they suspected on State street. He was arrested by Captain Dineen his name being Albert Armstrong. The watch being found on his person, Armstrong denied the affair absolutely, saying that he bought the watch of Robinson some time ago. He will be arraigned in the morning.
Armstrong was under arrest within half an hour of the time the affair was reported.

ANOTHER FITCHBURG STORY

Central Said to Have Thrown Over B. and A.

New York reports have it that William K. Vanderbilt, having become tired of the efforts that are being made by Boston and Albany stockholders to prevent the proposed lease, has given up all thought of trying to pursue that line of enterprise, and will let the objectors put in their own ticket of directors without opposition so far as he is concerned.
The New York reports say that the Central will now take over the Fitchburg. Mr. Vanderbilt is said to have stated to his friends that, having raised this opposition, which to him seemed to have been begotten of extraordinary avarice, the Boston stockholders could keep their property. He is said also to have given it as his opinion that in the future the Boston and Albany might have to depend principally on its local traffic for its patronage and support.

The New Musicians' Union

The North Adams musicians' protective association, 95, was permanently organized at C. L. U. hall Sunday under the direction of the C. L. U. organizing committee. The charter was received, and the charter membership list includes 25 names. The union will meet the first Sunday in each month. The following officers were elected: President, Peter Fogg; vice president, Lester Thompson; recording and corresponding secretary, Arthur Snow; treasurer, Edward Nichols; sergeant at arms, F. G. Pettrini; executive board, F. E. Mallory, Leroy Davis, Lewis Gordon, W. H. McCarthy, G. S. Bordelau, by laws and scale of prices committee, F. G. Pettrini, Leroy Davis, William Darling, Charles Steele, F. E. Mallory.

Married Saturday Night

Miss Lizzie Manchester and Joseph H. Morse were married Saturday evening at the Methodist parsonage by Rev. J. A. Hamilton. Both are well known young people, and they have the best wishes of a large number of friends. Many beautiful presents were received. The couple will make their home at 18 Hall street.

WHY WE HONOR DEWEY

Rev. F. A. Taylor's Sermon on Time-ly Subject Last Evening

Rev. F. A. Taylor preached last evening in the Universalist church on the subject that is uppermost in the minds of a large part of the country, the return of Admiral Dewey. His theme was "Why do we honor Dewey?" and he took as his text the passage, "But glory and honor and peace to every man that worketh good, for there is no respect of persons with God." By outlining the training and life of Dewey, Mr. Taylor pointed out the fact that our honor to him for what he has done and what he is, rests on the fact that Dewey was a man who had prepared himself for the work that he was to do, so that when the time came there was no hesitation, and that he did his duty fearlessly at the critical time.

In view of the fact, said Mr. Taylor, that hero worship is not always based on the most solid grounds, it seems well on the eve of Dewey's return, to analyze the national emotion, to discover the reason for its unanimity. Dewey is a typical son of New England, sturdy, and impatient of authority, but with a level head and open to conviction. Although abounding in physical vigor, he had the sense to see that this could be productive of good only when governed by right purpose.

Dewey learned to govern himself, and could govern other men. His preparation was such that when he sailed into Manila bay he was ready and able to successfully accomplish his mission. But it is not so much the one memorable event in Manila that gives him fame, as what we have learned of the man since that time. That made him known to the world, but it is what we have learned since that has settled us down to honor and admiration. Since that time he has shown himself capable and to be always the right man in the right place. A singularly wise man, he seemed to manage, almost as no other man could have done, our delicate and difficult affairs at Manila after the naval victory was won. He had the greatest respect for the civil power of his country, and he did not believe it best that military authority should be supreme at Manila, although no doubt the most of the military, like General Otis, would disagree with him, but soon after the actual conquest, sent to Washington for a civil board of control.

In summing up, is not our honor to Dewey based on this, that he is a man who patiently and thoroughly prepared himself, by a long course of self denial and self discipline, to be ready to do his duty when the time came if it ever did. A man who has prepared himself and is prepared always to do his duty is worthy of the respect and admiration of the world. Dewey is not unique in our regard, for we honor the good that is in every man so far as we know it, and there would be a thousand heroes to receive our homage, did we but know how many men, resting their faith upon Christ, have prepared themselves to do their duty, and to answer daily to its every call.

Politics Saved His Life

George A. Hastings has excellent reason to be glad that he is a candidate for county commissioner whether he gets the nomination or not. Before announcing his candidacy he had planned to leave here on an excursion to the west, and had his ticket all purchased. He of course stayed here to look after his political interests when he decided to run for county commissioner, and yesterday when the wreck of a train on the Denver and Rio Grande road was reported in which several were killed, he saw that the train was the one on which he would have been had he gone on the excursion. The question, "Can any good come out of politics?" is in Mr. Hastings' case answered in a decided affirmative.

120 New Members Received

There was an impressive service at the Methodist ceremony Sunday morning, when 120 probationers were admitted to full membership in the church. They were admitted on probation last fall, after a series of special services. About 25 who were unable to be present Sunday will be received at the next communion. The present membership of the church is about 1150. Seven were admitted on probation Sunday and six were baptized. The pastor preached in the morning to the new members.

CHESHIRE

Notices given from the pulpits Sunday were as follows:
The regular prayer meeting Wednesday night at 1:30 o'clock.
A New England supper at the home of Mrs. E. F. Nickerson will be served Friday evening.
The members of the Baptist church will meet at 7 o'clock to make arrangements for the repairs of the vestry.
Ladies' Mission circle meet with Emma Martin at 8 o'clock Thursday afternoon.
Rev. G. E. Whitehouse and A. T. Vimer were chosen delegates to the Young People's convention in Springfield.
Mrs. Mason Leonard and child of Dalton spent Sunday with Mrs. F. A. Martin.
George McCann of Pittsfield is stopping in town.
Mrs. Mattie Reeman of Buchanan, Mich., and Mrs. D. Jinks of Pittsfield are at Mrs. Chester C. Chen's.
Jasper Bryan and family and friends have returned to their home in Cambridge, Mich.
Misses Anna and Marian Jewett of Hinsdale spent the day in town.
William Beers of Kansas City, Kas., is visiting relatives in Cheshire.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gerst of Pittsfield and Mrs. Potter and daughter are guests of Mrs. E. E. Phillips.
Ice cream will be served at Greylock hall tonight.
Edison's motion pictures will be displayed at the town hall this evening.
The sum of \$15 was secured from the chicken pie supper last evening.
Jasper Bryan and family, who are visiting at Mrs. Delvin Bryant's, drove to the summit of Greylock Friday.
Henry Cramer of Albany is a guest of Mrs. F. Osterander.
Mrs. Florence Curtis and daughter are spending a few days in New Ashford.
Miss Ada Dunn of Lock Haven, Pa., is visiting at Mrs. L. J. Fisk's.

DEMOCRATS PROTESTING

Against Williams' Convention Methods. Will Hold an Anti-Williams Banquet

Springfield democrats are agitating opposition to the Paine and Mack ticket this fall as a protest against the convention methods in Boston. A movement is already said to be on foot among prominent anti-Williams men for a meeting and banquet to be held in Springfield for the purpose of registering a protest against machine democracy. The meeting is said not to be designed to make votes for Murray Crane or any other opposition candidate, but simply to make a protest. The men who are pushing the scheme will with few exceptions, it is said, cast their votes for Paine. There is a general feeling that the candidate himself is without objection, except that he is necessarily the tool of George Fred Williams.

David Power, who was the democratic candidate for mayor of Springfield last year, says of George Fred Williams: "He is simply a political adventurer. We have a right to assume that he is not honest. He is nothing more than a cheap aristocratic despot. That's just what he is. He engenders strife, putting class against class. A man who does that is no friend of the party." Power says he will vote for Crane.

A North Carolina Position

Carlos B. Haynes, for many years superintendent of the Greylock gingham mills, has taken a position as superintendent of a large cotton mill at Durham, N. C. Mr. Haynes has many friends in this city who wish him success in his new position.

JEWELRY JOTTINGS.

Handsome stiff silver bracelets are out in a heavy rope pattern.
Silverware in the English Georgian style figures among the new fall productions.

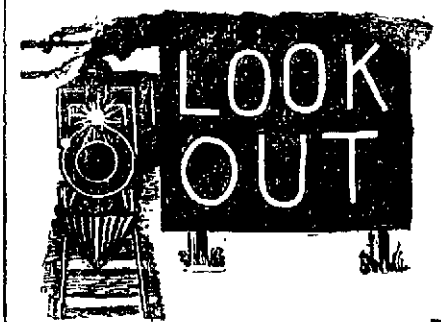
An emerald in a diamond setting furnishes the motif for a most artistic line of ladies' finger rings.

The fashionable chain is reducing, in some instances, both its dimension and weight. It is neither so long nor so heavy as heretofore.

Chain purses of all kinds are the rage. They come in gold, in silver variously shaded and in gun metal. They are plain, and they are jeweled. They are round, oblong or bag shaped. They may have gate tips, circular frames or straight frames.—Jewelers' Circular.

Chain purses of all kinds are the rage. They come in gold, in silver variously shaded and in gun metal. They are plain, and they are jeweled. They are round, oblong or bag shaped. They may have gate tips, circular frames or straight frames.—Jewelers' Circular.

Chiselwood for Paris Exposition. There is a factory in Sioux Falls, S. D., engaged in polishing \$1,000,000 worth of chiselwood, or petrified wood, for exhibition at the Paris exposition. Says the New York Tribune. The wood is found in Arizona and is shipped to Sioux Falls in great logs and stumps weighing many tons each, to be sawed up and worked into columns, table tops, cuff buttons, jewelry, etc. The machinery used for sawing chiselwood can cut into it to the extent of three inches a day, the petrified wood being seven-tenths as hard as a diamond.



Going Fast

Our stock of blue Peacoda men's serge suits at \$9.90 is our leading wonder bargain. The price has advanced within two weeks 1.00 per suit and we can only promise what we have now on hand at this bargain price. We are two dollars and ten cents under other dealers on these fine suits, with only about 100 suits more on hand. Every size now in stock—34 to 44—with special stout and slim sizes for fat and slender men.

Our General Stock

Of men's suits is beyond question a great city assortment. Good dressers are especially invited to inspect our fine tailor-fitting suits and overcoats direct from the choicest makers of Baltimore and Rochester.

Today We Open

A large lot of boys' short pant suits at popular prices.

One line of dark stout mixtures, ages 4 to 16, at 1.90. Honest wearers, three shades.

Also, two lots of medium mixtures in blue and black chevots at 1.40 for suit. Ages 3 to 16.

Reefers and top coats are now here at little prices considering quality.

Look in on us tomorrow and each day after.

Barnard & Co.

Will a Lace Curtain Sale Interest You?

We cut the prices this week to start the lace curtain buying. Don't wait, better come one of the first and get the cream of the bargains.

Nottingham Taped Edge Curtains.

36-in. wide, cream color, good looking designs 45c pair.
A slick white curtain, 47-in. wide, 3 1-2 yards long, a big leader, for \$1.25.
40-in. wide white curtains, pretty pattern, worth more, only 98c pair.
Elegant curtains, full size, Irish point effect, you'll surely like them. \$2.25.

Some entirely new effects in those popular frilled muslin curtains at \$1.25 pair. These are the best value you can get for the money.

Irish point curtains though advanced in price will be sold at a reduction enough this week to make it an object for you to buy.

Many times you can get odd lots of one or two pairs to answer your purpose at a surprising discount. Ask for them. All the higher priced curtains than those mentioned come under the cut price rule for this week.

Better investigate, you may miss it if you don't.

Tuttle & Bryant.

Suggestions for

Wedding Gifts

At

SPRUILL'S

New Crockery Store

96 Main St., Hoosac Savings Bank Block.

Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard

Boston Butter Co.

85 Main St. opposite Hoosac Savings Bank

If you want good butter at the lowest market price, we have it. Best Vermont Creamery 24c. New York State Creamery 22c. New York State Dairy 20c.

EGGS, strictly fresh, 20c dozen.

CHEESE, full cream, 15c. Swiss cheese, just received, elegant stock.

LARD, 3 and 5 lb. pails, 9c; 10 lb. pails 8 cents.

TEAS, 35, 40 and 50c per pound.

COFFEES, 16, 25 and 30 cents.

Boston Butter Co. 85 Main St

Trolley starts from in front of door.

...Tea and Coffee...

George F. Miller's Fire Insurance Agency

is Reliable.

WHY?

Because it is the OLDEST, LARGEST and STRONGEST AGENCY in Western Massachusetts

Because we represent Thirty-Five Leading Foreign and American Companies.

Because we settle losses promptly and without inconvenience to the insured.

Because we have had thirty years' experience in the business and properly cover the property insured.

At His Agency

Can Be Found the Following

The oldest Fire Insurance Company in the world.

The second and third oldest Fire Insurance Companies.

The leading Insurance Company in the world The Company having the Largest Net Surplus of any Fire Insurance Company in the world.

The Largest Combined Assets of any Agency in Massachusetts.

It costs no more to be insured in first-class companies, and by an Agent who understands his business.

These are reasons which must be noted and which should appeal to every householder.

Call and see us and talk the matter over.

GEORGE F. MILLER

Room 9, Burlingame Block, North Adams, Mass.

WILLIAMSTOWN.

FIRE SUNDAY NIGHT.

Fire broke out Sunday night in a shed back of the Waterman barn on Main street. The fire was first discovered by Dr. Hull, who had been out making a call. On driving up to his barn he saw the fire and immediately notified Chief Pease, who lives but a short distance from him. Mr. Pease and the doctor ran to the hose room and got out one of the carts and soon had a stream of water on the burning building. It was not until after the hose attachments were made that the alarm was given. A crowd soon gathered and a lively struggle with the flames followed. There were several bales of hay in the shed and the fire had made considerable headway before discovered and with the heavy cast iron it was a difficult one to get under control. The large barn which stood near the burning shed caught fire several times and it was feared that that also would burn. The shed and hay were destroyed but no further damage was done. The cause of the fire is not known, but it is believed to have been spontaneous combustion. The building was owned by the Waterman estate.

TWO EXPRESSMEN AND ONE JOB.

A rather exciting scene took place near Spring street Saturday, when two of the local truckmen got into trouble over the moving of some furniture for a young man rooming in Morgan hall. Hiram Walden, one of the truckmen, claimed that he had an order from the young man to take charge of his furniture, while Siras Ford, the other truckman, claimed he also had an order. Ford drew the furniture from the depot and was about to unload it when Walden appeared on the scene and claimed he had been deprived of work which belonged to him, and finally wound up by taking the furniture from Ford's wagon and taking it up to the room, but Ford was not so easily fooled. On finding the student to whom the furniture belonged he collected his fee, while Walden was too late and had the pleasure of carrying the furniture up the stairs for nothing. These were the preliminaries which resulted in a small sized row.

COLLEGE ELECTIONS.

At the freshmen class meeting Saturday afternoon the following officers were chosen: President, Hummel; vice president, Thompson; secretary and treasurer, Brown; manager of the baseball team, Brown; captain of the baseball team, Peabody; captain of the football team, Moore; junior officers, President, Goldthwait; vice president, Street; secretary and treasurer, Osborne; honorary system committee, Patterson and Broadhurst.

The Methodist reading club will meet next Wednesday evening at Rev. Mr. Farwell's.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Moore of Bennington, Vt., spent Sunday in town. Robert Cult has returned to his home in Dalton after a short visit with friends in town.

A scrub baseball team played a scrub team from this town Saturday afternoon and were defeated by a score of 25 to 4.

Mrs. Amelia Davies returned yesterday from a trip abroad. She has been visiting her old home in Newtown, Wales, for several weeks and arrived in New York Saturday evening. She was met there by Alden Hopkins, who returned home with her.

The Woman's Relief corps will hold their regular meeting tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 in G. A. Hall.

Harry Graves left yesterday for Boston, where he will remain for a few days, on business.

Miss Belle Carpenter has returned to Boston after a short visit with friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Green of Troy, N. Y., are visiting at Dr. J. B. Hull's for a few days.

Patrick Keefe played baseball in Shelburne Falls Saturday.

Robert Spring of Boston is visiting his parents in town.

James Reardon, former captain of the Williams baseball team, spent Sunday in town.

The following Williams '39 men are spending a few days in town: Paul Bee, Roger Rushmore, Brookfield, Nichol Conger and Hunt.

Joseph Fairweather left today accompanied by Dr. Hull for New York, where he will probably be obliged to undergo a serious operation. Mr. Fairweather has been a sufferer for some time and but a short time ago underwent an operation in Albany. His many friends will anxiously await the result of the operation.

Moses King is reported to be seriously ill.

THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE.

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

SOME FOOLISH PEOPLE

Allow a cough to run until it gets beyond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Oh, it will wear away," out in most cases it will wear away the successful medicine called Kemp's Balsam, which is sold on a positive guarantee to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Price 50c and away. Could they be induced to try 50c Trial size free. At all druggists.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Stryker's Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. It cures all cases of constipation.

For Fine Watch Repairing

GO TO...

RANSFORD, the Jeweler.

Corner Water and Main Streets, WILLIAMSTOWN, MASS.

DR. CHARLES D. TEFPT, Dentist.

Water street, corner of Main street, Williamstown, Mass.

DR. C. T. KINMAN, Dentist.

Neges' block, Spring St., Williamstown.

The Easy Food

Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.

Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

PEN PICTURE OF BOERS.

Congressional Minister Tells a Few Facts About Transvaal Affairs.

The Rev. Dr. William Dower, delegate from South Africa to the International Congressional council in Boston, reached New York the other day from Montreal and other Canadian points, where he had visited relatives. He has lived at Port Elizabeth, South Africa, for 35 years and is well informed about South African affairs.

In giving his impressions of the Transvaal crisis to a New York Tribune reporter the other night at the Grand hotel he said among other things: "The crux of the question in dispute between the Boers and the English will after all be found to be the color line. I have given the subject a great deal of study, and I have come to this conclusion: When England abolished slavery in South Africa many years ago, the Boers did not relish it at all, and although they are the descendants of ancestors who fled from Europe in the sixteenth century to South Africa in order to enjoy the blessings of liberty, still they are bitterly hostile to the English idea of giving the natives of South Africa anything resembling equal political rights. In the Transvaal every man with a drop of colored blood in him, whether he is three-fourths Boer or not, is required to wear a badge with a number. He has absolutely no standing with the Boers, who, whenever they can, hold the natives in practical slavery."

"It is the shadow of a more humane treatment of the colored men of South Africa by the English that actuates Kruger in refusing to acknowledge the suzerainty of Great Britain. The English, Scotch, Irish and Americans, who principally make up the uitlanders, have been used to practical liberty. In the Transvaal they pay pretty near all the taxes and still have nothing to say about the franchise. This has grown to be intolerable to the English. Kruger is an anomaly of piety and prejudice. He never spent two days in a schoolhouse, yet he is the peer of any diplomat in the world. The Boers will be able to place in the field about 20,000 men. If the Orange Free State should on account of racial sympathy join forces with the Boers, there would be many more. The Boer as a fighter has not been overestimated. He is hardy and a splendid shot. The Boers are well provided with all kinds of arms, and if hostilities break out between them and the English it will be a hard struggle. It will amount practically to a civil war, as the Dutch and English have intermarried to a large extent."

ARMY OFFICERS' PHOTOS.

Secretary Root to Have a Picture Gallery in His Department.

Secretary Root has made an innovation in army records by prescribing that the latest photographs of officers shall be kept on file at the war department in Washington. He has concluded that lack of acquaintance with the physical appearance of officers is embarrassing to a secretary called upon to decide which of two or more officers should be given a detail for which there is a plurality of applications, and in his opinion it would be distinctly advantageous to an official in his position to have some idea of what an officer looks like when questions arise regarding that officer, says the New York Tribune. It is conceived that a report from or about an officer in the Philippines or elsewhere would have additional interest if it were known whether his presence was commanding or whether he was diminutive and that a prepossessing man ought to be selected for certain duties rather than a forbidding one.

The circular issued by Adjutant General Corbin to the army explains that the secretary of war, with a view to enhancing the value of the records of the war department, desires the photographs of all commissioned officers for filing with their efficiency records. These may be unmounted and should measure 4 by 6 inches in order to go into the file envelopes. Most of the officers on duty in Washington complied with the request the other day.

Miss Grant's Marriage.

Prince Cantacuzene and Miss Grant will be married in accordance with the customs of the Greek church, of which the prince is a member. This ceremony will be performed immediately after the Episcopal service in All Saints' Memorial chapel in New York and will take place in the white and gold saloon in Beaulieu, the ceremony being performed by a Greek priest either from Providence or New York. There will be no civil ceremony.

The inability of the Grand Duke Cyril of Russia to act as best man has somewhat upset the original plans. This post of honor was to have been filled by Count Cassini in the absence of Grand Duke Cyril, but as even he cannot be present Honore Palmer, a cousin of the bride elect, will act as best man.

Mr. Oroko's Uncomfortable 48 Hours. Michael Oroko of Shenandoah, Pa., was rescued the other night from a mine breach into which he fell a few nights ago. The breach is 60 feet deep, and the perpendicular sides of the cavity thwarted Oroko's efforts to escape. His plight was discovered by a miner returning home from work. He notified the Defender Mine company, and several of its members rescued the man with a rope, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger. Oroko was almost dead when taken out and suffered from hunger, thirst and exposure. During the entire time he was in the breach he was obliged to stand in water knee deep.

MODEL FLATHOUSES.

Foreign Capitalists Will Build Them in New York.

MILLIONS ARE TO BE INVESTED

Three Styles of Buildings Will Be Erected—They Will Include Homes For the Richest People, the Moderately Wealthy and the Poor—Principal Features of the Structures.

Plans are maturing for the erection of flathouses on Manhattan Island by a syndicate comprised of French, Belgian and Dutch capitalists. It was learned the other day that a representative of this syndicate, which is said to have unlimited resources behind it, has been in New York for several weeks. Leading architects of New York and Paris have been for some time at work on plans for a series of flathouses of various classes, all of the buildings to be of a style never before attempted in New York. They will embody the best features of the French and American ideas in flats and tenements.

The efforts of the syndicate will be directed toward the erection of three different classes of houses. One will be for the wealthy class of tenants, a second for those of moderate means and a third for the poorer people. It has been decided to begin with the type for the wealthy class, and the syndicate has already secured an option on an entire block of ground between Madison and Fifth avenues in the neighborhood of One Hundredth street, upon which it was stated the other night by J. Durham, the syndicate's representative in the United States—a building costing in the neighborhood of \$1,500,000 will be erected. It is said that ground will be broken within a few weeks. The building is expected to be completed by the latter part of next spring. In the meantime options have been secured on several pieces of property in the neighborhood of Ninth avenue and Twenty-third street, where the syndicate proposes to begin during the winter the construction of a gigantic flathouse suitable for people of moderate means. These apartments will rent for from \$35 to \$75 per month.

This, it is said, will only mark the beginning of the operations in New York of the syndicate, which contemplates the expenditures of large capital in this particular field. The syndicate was formed nearly a year ago and has been at work ever since perfecting its plans. Mr. J. Durham of Paris, when seen recently at the Hotel Manhattan by a reporter for the New York Times, said:

"European capitalists have long been tempted by the inviting field offered in New York for investment in a style of dwelling embracing some of the continental features. The principal feature wanting there is the interior courtyard, which, after all, is the salvation of the flathouse. The beauty and sanitary value of the European courtyard have always been recognized by the American builder, but on account of the space necessary to be sacrificed the plan has not been adopted. The American capitalist who has been able to realize from 12 to 15 per cent on his investment in flathouses built on the prevailing plan is naturally unwilling to adopt the European method, which would lower his profits. We will be satisfied with 2 or 3 per cent at the beginning, and we believe that the superior beauty and convenience of our homes will meet with the instant approval of the average tenant. It is an experiment, of course, but we are willing to lay out several million dollars on the scheme at the start and have every confidence of realizing handsomely."

"Our first building will be designed to compete with the highest class flats in the city, such as The Navarro and The Dakota, which, by the way, have courtyards, but such in name only. Our scheme is to adapt the French idea to the American requirements. The building will occupy an entire block running through from Madison to Fifth avenue. For various reasons I cannot divulge the exact location, but it will be in the neighborhood of One Hundredth street. The ground is unincumbered by buildings. The building will have a frontage of 200 feet on each avenue and 420 feet on each cross street. It will be built of light limestone and red brick, and the street frontages will be finished in the highest form of architectural art. The primary feature of the structure, however, will be the interior courtyards. There will be two of these, each 100 feet square. One will be entered from Fifth avenue and the other from Madison avenue."

"These will be laid out in flower gardens, with fountains and statues and furnished with rustic seats, etc., and will constitute small parks. The wind-drawn flats opening upon these courtyards will be fitted with balconies supported by pillars and columns in the highest form of art. By means of these yards every room in the various flats will be perfectly lighted, as the building will be limited to seven stories in order to carry out this scheme. The structure will be absolutely fireproof, and the interior fittings will be on a scale of richness and completeness equal to the best class of flathouses in the city. All the modern conveniences will be installed. The rental for these flats will certainly not be any higher than those now charged for flats of the first class in New York and, we think, can be made lower."

"The projected building for tenants moderately well provided with money will be on the same general plan, the only difference being in the interior furnishings and the extra conveniences. We will not use less than a half block for any building, and all will be provided with one or more architecturally decorated courtyards. Furthermore, no building will be higher than seven stories, in order to give every tenant the advantage of the light from within as well as from the street. Later we will try the same scheme in the tenement districts. If one or all of these classes of buildings prove a success, the syndicate is prepared to construct a large number. The headquarters of the syndicate will probably remain in Paris, but branch offices will soon be opened in New York."

quarters of the syndicate will probably remain in Paris, but branch offices will soon be opened in New York."

BRITISH CAMPAIGN PLANS.

How a Regiment Looks When It Starts For Active Service.

The khaki and duck uniforms were unknown to the land forces of the United States before the war with Spain, but their superiority over the regulation cloth uniforms became so apparent then that the lighter material will probably be retained in use as long as troops are sent to the tropics. In adopting this material the United States government followed the example of England, where the advantages of the khaki and duck uniforms have been established by years of use.

If war should follow the difficulties with the Boers, the men who will be mobilized under General Sir Frederick William Edward Forester-Walker will all be clad in khaki, says the New York Tribune. The regiments are sent forward on the regular passenger steamers and not on transports. This is done in keeping with the provisions in the charters of the various transportation companies, which, in view of a government subsidy, must be ready at any time to convert the passenger steamers into army transports. The regiments leave their home quarters gay with colors, for the English uniforms are bright, some of them even gaudy, and if the destination is a place where cloth may be worn with comfort the home uniform is retained, but if they go to a warmer region the scarlet uniforms are soon exchanged for khaki and the high boots or leggings for puttees.

Flags and standards, which were once looked upon as essential features in a military expedition, are taken along, but are carefully put away before the troops go into action, and an English regiment which had been seen in its scarlet uniform with blue or white facings would not be recognized in khaki. The men carry the Lee-Metford rifle, and the complete burden, consisting of haversack, knapsack, rolled blanket and water bottle, weighs about 50 pounds.

The cavalry and artillery are armed with carbines, and some of the troops still carry the old Martini rifles, but the men who are sent into active service are all armed with the Lee-Metford piece. The khaki uniforms wipe out all differences as to superiority or gaudiness in dress, and the grades of the regiments can be seen only by the facings. The royal regiments have their uniforms faced with blue, the Irish with green and the Scotch with yellow, while the regiments which do not come under those heads wear the white facings.

SERVANT GIRLS IN DEMAND.

Chicago Housewives Pleading For Relief of the Kitchen.

Chicago is pleading for servant girls. Employment agencies and individuals are ransacking the city and available neighboring towns for either raw or experienced material, but the demand continues to far outstrip the supply, says the New York World. In factory towns the prevailing era of prosperity has caused an increase in the working force of girls employed.

Towns where factories are not competitors with the housewife have been depleted by the factory towns, which are consuming more than the local girl supply, and the increasing demands of Chicago and other large cities are absorbing the available domestic contingent by reason of the offer of appreciably higher wages.

The same scarcity of domestic help is said to exist in other cities.

Kansas Weeping For Her Girls.

Kansas towns are in the throes of a servant girl famine. Five hundred servant girls of Topeka and vicinity have gone, during the past few days, to Chicago, where they say they can get \$5 per week. They have been induced to flock to Chicago by circulars sent out offering the wages named. Lawrence, Leavenworth, Atchison and Fort Scott also complain that servant girls are going to Chicago.

They are flocking from Topeka, Atchison and Leavenworth.

They are coming from Paola and Girard; They are headed for Chicago, each to claim an easy berth.

In some mansion on some handsome boulevard! Mary Ann and Sarah Jane, Full of golden dreams of gain, Are departing from the wild and woolly regions;

They are coming from Pawnee, Burlington and Wabunsee, And there's trouble brewing for the proud Norwegian.

There are sighing forlornly standing in the valleys of the "Kaw," For the maidens that they love have fled away; There is grumbling in Wamega, Council Grove and Wichita.

Since the girls have gone in quest of higher pay: Mary Ann and Sarah Jane, Full of golden dreams of gain, Slim of waist and fair of speech and pleasant looking.

Have deserted Chilopee, Hiawatha and Shawnee, That Chicagoans may taste of Kansas cooking.

Oh, the wind goes sadly sighing through the stubbles of the corn; There is moaning round the stoves at Wyandotte.

The lank-headed sons of Kansas are deserted and they are longing for the buildings that are not!

Mary Ann and Sarah Jane, Full of golden dreams of gain, Are coming to relieve us of our troubles.

So we wait and we weep and we wait and we weep, Weeping after speeding trains Or for breezes sadly sighing through the stubbles? —Chicago Times-Herald.

Requires Minute Search.

Overheard in a railway refreshment room. Passenger, after taking a good bite at a legal sausage roll: "I don't see no sausage, miss." "Oh, you ain't come to it yet," was the reply. After another good mouthful passenger ventures: "I don't see it yet, miss." "Oh, you've got and bit over it now!" —Exchange.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunk, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." "One should fall to try them. Only facts, guaranteed, at Burlington & Darby's drug store."

MEDAL FOR THEIR RESCUER.

Women Hotel Servants Honor the Man Who Saved Them From Fire.

The bravery shown by Mr. S. Pedlow, a traveling salesman from New York city, when he rescued a number of the women servants during the recent Burnet House fire at Cincinnati, was recalled the other day by the presentation to Mr. Pedlow of a gold medal by the girls whose lives he saved, says the New York Sun. Since that night the girls have kept him in mind their rescuer and when it became known that Mr. Pedlow had returned to Cincinnati a delegation drew up a communication to him and accompanied it by the gold medal. The letter said:

We present this medal to you to show that we appreciate your kindness to us during the fire. Yours truly, the Burnet House.

The medal has on its face this inscription: "To our hero—Mr. S. Pedlow. The girls he rescued, May 30, 1899. The Burnet House."

A Frictional Blunder.

Will often cause a horrible Burns, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures all sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions, Rest Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Burlington & Darby's, druggists.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

BENKINS, SS. PROBATE COURT.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin, creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of John J. Waldron, late of Adams, in said county, deceased, marate.

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased to Henry Kaiser of said Adams, or to some other suitable person.

You are hereby cited to appear at a probate court, to be held at Taunton, in said county of Berkshire, on the third day of October, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

A said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing the citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the North Adams Transcript, a newspaper published in North Adams, the last publication to be on one day at least before said court.

Witness, Edward T. Stoen, Esquire, judge of said court, this sixteenth day of September in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

FRED R. SHAW, Register.

ASK Alford

About that three tenement house that can be bought for \$3,000 and rents for \$300 per annum. Also about several other choice building lots that can be bought for \$500 each.

A. S. Alford,
60 MAIN STREET.

NOTICE.

I wish to know of the whereabouts of Jennie Brian Rice.

JAMES H. BRIAN,
Hartland, Mich.

COLUMBIA THEATRE

MONDAY, SEPT. 25

That Much Discussed French Farce



THE TURTLE

200 booming nights in New York All Paris, London and Berlin flocked to see it.

Act 1 outlines a droll story. Act 2 is deft, daring and dainty. Act 3 is screamingly funny and startling in its comic situations.

The piquancy and dash of the Comedie Francaise and Palais Royal interpreted by skilled American artists who possess the true French finesse.

NOTE—This organization is the only company playing The Turtle this season.

PRICES 35, 50 and 75c.

Seats on sale Friday at 9 a. m.

Electric cars after performance.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

NOTE—Corrected every month by the railroad companies and can be used as a guide.

NORTH ADAMS POSTOFFICE.

General Delivery and Stamp Window Open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Carrier Window 7 p. m. to 8 p. m. 8:30 p. m. to 8:40 p. m.
Sunday open from 9:15 a. m. to 1:15 p. m. Money order and Register window opened from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

ARRIVE FROM

New York City, southern states and foreign—1:37, 3:25, and 10:00 a. m. 12:41, 4:31, 6:50 and 8:55 p. m.
Troy, New York state and the west—1:25, and 10:00 a. m. 12:29, 4:30, 7:00 and 8:55 p. m.

Pittsfield, southern Mass., Conn., Rhode Island, via Boston & Albany—1:17, 1:45 a. m. 12:30, 2:40, 5:50, and 8:55 p. m.

Boston, northern and eastern Mass., Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Canada, via Fitchburg railroad—4:15 a. m. 12:10 and 8:05 p. m.

Clarkburg—7:00 a. m.

Briggsville, Stamford, Hartwellville and Readsboro, Vt., 11:45 a. m.

Florida, Mass., Tuesday and Saturday, 1:30 p. m.

LEAVE FOR

New York City, southern states and foreign—7:15, 9:05, 11:45 a. m. 12:30, 2:40, 4:40 and 11 p. m.

Troy, New York state and west—7:10, 9:05 a. m. 12:30, 2:40, 4:40, 7:45 and 11 p. m.

Pittsfield, southern Mass., Conn., R. I., via Boston & Albany railroad—4:15 a. m. 2:40, 5:45 and 7:45 p. m.

Boston and eastern New England via B. & A. R. R. 8 a. m. and 5:45 p. m.

Boston, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, eastern Vermont and Canada, via F. A. R. R. 9:35 a. m. 12:15, 4:10 and 11 p. m.

Clarkburg, Mass., 12:30 p. m.

Briggsville, Stamford, Hartwellville and Readsboro, Vt., 1:30 p. m.

Florida, Mass., Tuesday and Saturday, 1:30 p. m.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

First-class matters (letters, etc.) 10 c.

Second-class (newspapers and periodicals) 10 c. for 100.

Third-class (books, circulars, photographs) 10 c. for 200.

Fourth-class (merchandise) 10 c. for 100.

Registration fee (additional postage) 10 c.

Immediate delivery stamp (additional postage) 10 c.

Money order to \$100. 30 c. to \$25.

STAGES.

NORTH ADAMS AND READSBORO.

Thomas H. Sullivan, Proprietor.

Leave Postoffice, North Adams 8:30 p. m.

Leave Postoffice, Readsboro 8 a. m.

FITCHBURG RAILROAD.

Boston to Troy.

Corrected to June 5, 1899.

Leave Boston—6:30, 6:50, 7:10, 7:30, 7:50, 8:10, 8:30, 8:50, 9:10, 9:30, 9:50, 10:10, 10:30, 10:50, 11:10, 11:30, 11:50, 12:10, 12:30, 12:50, 1:10, 1:30, 1:50, 2:10, 2:30, 2:50, 3:

ADAMS

CHICKEN THIEVES CAUGHT.

Had Been to See Their Girls, So They Said.

Captain Hodecker, with Officers O'Malley and Ford made a couple of important arrests, early Sunday morning. They had been looking the night before for a Poland named Russ, who was alleged to have committed an assault upon his wife. They were unable to find him at that time and so they thought may be he could be found early in the morning. Accordingly they made an early search of all the Poland settlements. When they reached George street Officer O'Malley staid outside while the other two officers went into a house there. The man could not be found and the officers were about to leave when two Polanders came in. The men saluted the officers and when asked where they had been until that hour of the morning, told the officers they had been to see their girls. The men then went to their room and were getting ready to retire. Meanwhile Officer O'Malley came into the house and asked the men had they left a bag of chickens and a bag of vegetables outside the house. The two Polanders were immediately arrested. One of the men begged to be permitted to change his trousers, but the officers were immovable and hurried their men to the police station.

When the officers began to search the men the one who had asked to change his clothes became uneasy, and well he might, for there was no seat in his trousers.

Chief Curran hired a team and started out to find whose chickens had been stolen. He located the place of the theft at L. A. Jensen's honkey on Orchard street. The thieves took 14 of Mr. Jensen's best game chickens and wrung the necks of all of them. One pullet was worth about \$25. Mr. Jensen said if he had ever caught the men he would have shot them. They also stole a lot of his vegetables.

One thing that caused the officers to chuckle was a flag of distress, the missing part of the Pole's trousers was hanging on a barbed wire fence floating in the breeze. The Poles' names were Mike Glod and Felix Pastynsky.

OTHER POLICE COURT CASES.

While Chief Curran was looking to see where the Polanders had stolen the chickens Sunday morning he also took three Italians from North Adams, driving at Bow's Corners. He stopped the men to ask if they had lost any chickens. The men stopped, but when the chief began to talk to them they whipped up their horse and ran the animal as far as East Renfrew. The chief gave chase and overtook them. He then arrested them for fast driving.

In court this morning were also Ferdinand and Adam Werner charged with larceny, disturbing the peace and assault on Adam Werner.

Joseph Carpenter and Thomas McCroary were in court this morning charged with drunkenness and assault on Fred Duffy.

Several drunks were also in court. Edward Morey was charged with drunkenness and larceny of \$6 from his wife.

CALEDONIAN CLUB'S SMOKE TALK.

The regular meeting of the Renfrew Caledonian club will be held tomorrow evening. After the meeting a smoke talk with entertainment will be held. Among those who will take part are Edward Kiley, Ignatius James Hutton, Harry Smith, George Duggan and members of the club. It is hoped all the members will be present. The smoke talk will be at 8.30.

Cyril Dumontett of Montreal is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Desautels of Commercial street.

George Lincoln of Boston is visiting friends in town.

Madam Reeves has returned to Boston.

The gutter on the west side of Commercial street, opposite L. L. Brown's residence is to be paved.

"The Turtle" will be presented at the Columbia opera house in North Adams this evening. Special cars to this town after the play.

F. L. Morse has sold his market on Park street to William Marsh. Mr. Marsh took possession Saturday evening and has closed his market in Barrett's block.

The regular meeting of George E. Sayles post, G. A. R., will be held this evening.

Company M will hold their regular meeting this evening.

The selectmen will meet as usual this evening.

C. M. Campbell of Chicopee, formerly supervisor of drawing in the public schools here, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. James Kevlin of Fish street is visiting friends in Springfield.

A daughter was born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. William Carlow.

Thomas McNulty is visiting friends in New York city.

Rev. T. F. McLaughlin and Rev. F. McDonnell will begin this week to take the census of St. Thomas church.

The Misses Clark and Liveridge are in New York securing styles of fall millinery.

R. Hollister, who has been visiting friends in town, has returned to his home in Connecticut.

B. Mauser has returned after spending several days in Albany, N. Y.

Mrs. George B. Allen of Summer street is visiting in Hudson, N. Y.

Thomas Hennessy and his mother have returned from a visit in Boston and Waltham.

Miss Lucy Parker of New Haven, Conn., has been visiting Dr. and Mrs. D. E. Thayer of Pleasant street.

R. D. Judd has returned to West Gardner.

The funeral of Jeremiah O'Hearn was held from St. Thomas church Sunday afternoon at 1.30 o'clock. A requiem high mass was said for him at 8 o'clock this morning.

At Saturday's session of the registrars 14 new names were added to the voter's list.

The Misses Lydia White and B. Murphy are visiting friends in Arlington, N. Y.

The Catherine O'Brien property on Jordan street was sold at auction Saturday afternoon for \$2000 to Mrs. John O'Malley.

O. M. Legate of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting friends in town.

TO RENT.

A good tenement. Inquire of T. Brodeur, Bay State Clothing company, Park street.

FIREMEN IN TRAINING.

Big Classes at the New York Instruction School.

SOALING A SIX STORY BUILDING.

Daring Swings From Sill to Sill—Men of Little Courage Soon Drop Out of the Class—Fun for the Veterans. Catching the Dummies.

New York's school for the instruction of firemen begins at 9 o'clock every morning, except Sundays, rain or shine, and keeps until late in the afternoon, with an interval at noon for dinner and rest. The term is 30 days, a time of probation during which, however, the men are paid at the rate of \$800 a year. The teacher keeps a watchful eye over them, not only to guard and instruct them, but to estimate their worth. If he thinks a man is not "up to the mark," he rejects him. About 6 per cent are rejected. If a man has not strength and courage, the instructor said recently, he is of no use to the department. "What you need in a man," said he, "is heart—a big heart—and some little nerve. A fireman with a big heart will do his duty every time, no matter how dangerous it seems." So the teacher weeds out the men with small hearts, because "a man's got to get along with the heart he's got. All the instruction in the world won't give him a new one." On wet days the class is shown how to make knots and how to keep the "tools" in order and told how to conduct themselves in a smoke filled subcellar and on a hot roof and the like.

The men are first taught to build a chain of scaling ladders up a six floor wall and climb up to the roof. Some of them trust their weight to the way-in, single ladders, short runged ladders, passing with ease and confidence from ladder to ladder, and so at last disappear over the roof; others clutch the bar nervously, mount slowly and awkwardly and tumble over on the roof as though they were glad indeed to have something hard and solid under foot. There is a net below, wide and stretched substantially, so that if there be a fall the probability of serious accident is small.

Next comes instruction in behavior on a window sill—how to "straddle" it and climb in and out and stand up and swing from sill to sill. This last is done with two ladders; the men—five stories up—swings on one scaling ladder from a sill and hooks another ladder over the next sill; then he passes from one to the other in a swing. How to come down a life line alone and how to bring another man down are then taught.

To teach how to catch people who jump from windows takes a long time and a good deal of nerve on the part of the probationers. Dummies of from 75 to 150 pounds are thrown out to be caught in a hand held net below. The half dozen men at the net keep their eyes on the window, which may be five stories high, and make ready. The instructor stands behind and signals to the men above. Then the dummy is thrown—it may be to the right or it may be to the left. The class has to get the net under it. If it strikes one of them, it will kill him. When the men make a first trial, it takes the whole class to catch a dummy thrown from the fourth floor. When the course is over, four men can catch 150 pounds thrown from the sixth. Running a line of hose up a fire escape is taught, and how to stretch a line up a stairway, and how to control a nozzle on a ladder, and how to run a line through a cellar and a subcellar, and all that.

One day of every week there is what appears to be a game of "fire." It is imagined that the wing is ablaze and that there are inmates who can't get out save by way of the window or the roof. Then the engine is started, the hose is turned on, and the dummies are brought down the scaling ladders or the life lines or caught in the nets. At such times there is great excitement in the courtyard.

At such times, too, various experiences at other fires are made profitable to the new men. If at a fire a man has done a daring or clever feat, it is illustrated at the school and practiced by the pupils. Situations of great danger in burning buildings are repeated in the wing. Just how an inmate was saved by swinging him from window to window or just how a man escaped when it appeared that he was surely lost—such incidents are acted over again, with the window panes cool and a strong net below. In this way the men are taught resource and courage.

Men of small courage soon drop out of the class. If they "last" through the ordeal of the first 18 or 17 days, they "last" through the term. "About seven days is enough for them generally," the instructor said. "They show the white feather and quit—disappear—and we never hear of them again. They're afraid to come back for their pay even." The practice is good sport to watch for the regulars who are stationed at headquarters. They go out in the yard and light their pipes and stare up the wall, commenting, criticizing, laughing at the nervous fellows who are hanging to the scaling ladders for dear life. It seems always to be interesting to them, and they themselves, as all the men of the department, have to go through the exercises once a year.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; or not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but always inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in all lands. Sample bottles at Burlington & Darby, P. J. Malone, T. C. Farley, Jas. H. Krum, Jr., North Adams, Mass., and Severance & Co., Williamstown, Mass.

NOVEL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Plan of Institution to Educate State-men's Children.

Miss Emily E. Briggs, one of the wealthiest women in Washington, is about to open a novel school for the daughters of senators and congressmen. It is to be known as the Olivia university.

"So many senators and congressmen have come to me for advice as to how to educate their daughters that I am opening this school as a standing answer to the question. Without exception all these lawmakers who consulted me have said that their daughters realized the vicissitudes of political life and wanted to be prepared to earn their own living if need be. I shall open the Olivia university to meet this need. It has been a pet project of mine for several years.

"I shall open the school in my own home in Washington on Capitol hill, and across the street are seven houses to receive the overflow when my own home is too small. We will have a department of applied art and will pay especial attention to designing patterns for cloths, carpets and wall paper. That opens up a great industrial field for women. We will have a horticultural department and make a specialty of landscape gardening. Women of artistic perceptions are particularly adapted to this line.

"We will have a department of Journalism. I shall have charge of it myself, for before Providence granted me a fortune I was a newspaper woman. I shall give my pen name 'Olivia' to the institution. The school is not to be in any sense a charitable one. It is for rich girls or those in comfortable circumstances, who wish to provide against possible poverty."

Mrs. Briggs is the widow of John Briggs, long financial clerk of the house of representatives. By the careful investment of a small inheritance she became one of the richest women in the United States. For a time she was prominent in society. Then she wearied of it, and has for years led a life of seclusion, while she has been fostering this pet plan of hers, says the New York Journal. The Olivia university will open this fall or winter.

CO-OPERATION IN FARMING.

How the System is Said to Work in Ireland.

The co-operative movement was started some ten years ago in Ireland, says the London Times. Commencing with but small beginnings, it has, especially of late, advanced by leaps and bounds. There are many who doubt its applicability to this country, where we have to face that distrust that farmers frequently feel for one another, as well as their anxiety to keep their business operations to themselves. There can, however, be no doubt of the utility of this policy in Ireland. Holdings there are generally small, and the farmer is consequently unable to procure either agricultural or dairymachinery without incurring liabilities far beyond his means. He has, moreover, been absolutely dependent on the local trader for his supplies, and his goods have usually been bought on credit. The trader has therefore, in order to recoup himself for his bad debts, frequently supplied the farmer with an inferior or an adulterated article at a ruinously high price. Bills are generally renewed at a usurious rate of interest, with the result that it has been impossible for the worker to reap anything like a full return for his labor. When agricultural co-operation was first started to meet these evils, it had to face considerable opposition. The traders were at the outset naturally hostile and did all they could to stir up hostility to the movement. There was a strong distrust of anything new and a feeling that some one was sowing reaping a profit out of the farmer. No more conclusive proof can, however, be furnished of the success that co-operation has achieved, especially within the last three years, than the fact that while on March 31, 1896, there were 10 societies, with 10,120 members, and that this number had increased by March 31 of last year to 243 societies, with 27,322 farmers, there are now some 400 societies, with a membership of considerably over 40,000.

Sought For Buried Treasure.
Captain J. M. K. Davis, acting inspector general of the department of the gulf, has been in Greenville, S. C., for some days investigating claims for damages filed in the war department by heirs of Mrs. E. W. Croft. The damage, it is alleged, was done to the Croft homestead, an old mansion near Greenville, by members of the New Jersey, and Massachusetts regiments while in Camp Weatherill last winter. It seems that an old negro told the soldiers a dazzling yarn, full of interesting details, of hidden treasures. They were assured that the Croft family, which was rich, had hidden on the premises during the civil war a vast store of gold and silver that had never been found. The house was unoccupied, but contained many articles of value, chiefly on account of their association. The soldiers made expeditions to the old place, sounded every inch of ground for acres around with rods, broke open the house, bored into the walls in hundreds of places, removed bricks from the chimneys and did \$1,000 damage and several hundred dollars' worth of hard work, if it had been profitably employed, in trying to verify the negro's fairy tale.

"White as a Crow."
Station Agent Williams, at Grantsburg, Wis., has just returned from an outing, bringing with him a pure white crow which he shot on the banks of Yellow Lake, in Burnett county, says the St. Paul Pioneer Press. This is the first white crow ever seen or heard of in this part of the country.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

On May 28, 1900, Spain will be the center of a total eclipse of the sun, which will assemble all the astronomical observers in Madrid.

Professor Darwin of Cambridge prophesies that the moon will ultimately return to the earth, whence it was cast off in the remote past.

Scientists declare that the physical deterioration of the human race, which has been going on for centuries, has ceased and a gradual improvement commenced.

PERCE OF THE PAST.

It Was Brought About by a Good Deal of His Good Will. For a Couple Who Had Loved and Been Separated.

"For the land's sake, pa," called out Mrs. Drusilla Gladden to her husband as he wiped his feet on a piece of carpet at the kitchen door, "I thought you'd never get in! Guess you's sent me a letter. You'd never think in a month of Sundays. It's from Devah Bland—my cousin Devah."

Pa gave a smile of interest and rubbed his hands. "Well, I swan now! And what has Devy got to say for herself?"

"He's coming to Ohio to visit. He'll be here next week. What d'ye think of that?"

Pa pulled off his boots contentedly. "I won't be sorry to see Devy. We war in school together. What say? Is he doing well?"

"Doing well, but his wife's dead; been dead two year or more. I bet you a great deal, pa, he's on the war-path. And to think Angeline Culver's visiting around here just now, and she's a widow. Pa, it looks like the 'plintin' of Providence, don't it?"

Mrs. Gladden smiled benignly on her husband and he on her. They were in love with each other and had been for 20 years.

"It truly does," replied pa; "it truly does. Jest think how them two courted over three years, wasn't it? I hold the split was all Angeline's folks' fault, wasn't it? That old man Porter never staid anywhere and got a streak to move to Indiana. Her ma wouldn't let her stay here, and that made Devy properly mad. They kept it up awhile writin'; then Devy went out further west and married himself to a strange woman. After awhile Angeline gets married. First we hears her partner's gone, and she's a likely widow visitin' round. Then we gets a letter sayin' Devy's partner has been departed two years an' he's come visitin'. Now, don't that beat all?"

"How plain you've made it, pa," beamed Mrs. Drusilla. "It sounds like them story papers. You ort to have been a writer for one. I often thought that. My, ain't it plum interesting? I don't want to miss none of it, do you? How can we fix it?"

Pa was so appreciative of his wife's praise he tilted back in the rocker and gave the matter solemn thought.

"I calculate we kin have this all to ourselves," he began, "ef you can hold out 'gainst mentionin' Devy's comin'. It will be hard work for you, Drusilla, but it's the only way. Do you think you kin hold that news over prayer meetin' and Sunday? I tell you what, he went on excitedly. "We can just have the whole thing happen right here, meethin' an' all, if you don't tell."

Mrs. Gladden's pleasant face fell.

"I wonder if it'll be fair not to tell the rest of the folks?" she began. "You see, Devy'll be expecting a big welcome."

Asabel Gladden rose up in his socks. "Drusilla, I have jest set my heart on managin' the whole thing. Don't you disappoint me. I never had so much chance as this in all my mortal life. I always wanted to do sech directin' and managin', and don't you disappoint me."

"What'll folks say when they find we kept that news?" asked his wife, much impressed, but giving up, as usual.

"They'll say you've come to years of discretion, though I don't want to hurt your feelings none, Drusilla. You can take it all out fixin' up the spare room and Marinda's room. It air lucky Angeline hadn't been down here yet—another clear plintin'. Now hurry up the dinner and write Devy a letter tellin' him he must come right here, and we won't take no for an answer. I'll hitch up the cutter, and we'll go over to town and engage Angeline for the whole endurin' week."

The two were as excited as children. The letter had to be strong enough to suit pa and was the labor of an hour for Mrs. Gladden ere it suited him. Dinner over, they tucked themselves into a green sleigh and drove over to New California.

"We'll stop on the way," said the small and rosy man. "I feel so anxious to get hold of Angeline."

"Oh, you do?" questioned the wife demurely. "Well, as our Marinda declares, her pa's younger'n any one."

Angeline Culver—Angeline Porter that was—was visiting at old Dr. Norman's. She and Cissy Norman had always been close friends. She came out to the sleigh to speak to Mrs. Gladden. She was quite dressy and had on a pink house sack trimmed with white lace. She had tied a little white fascinator over her brown waves.

"I was 'lowing to go over to Dennis Doodin's next week," she said in her soft, comfortable voice, "but if you make a point of it I guess I can put them off."

Pa Gladden was so anxious his little feet danced up and down in the snow.

"Oh, we want you real bad next week, Angeline! We been waitin' and expectin' till we're set on it special. Do say you'll come."

"I believe pa'll burst if you don't come, Angeline," said his wife. "He gets so set on anything."

"Well, I will," assented the widow. "I used to have good times at your house when I was a girl. I never have forgotten them."

Pa went through an expressive pantomime behind her.

"And pa'll fetch you on Sunday afternoon," went on Mrs. Gladden. "If the snow don't stay on, he'll fetch you in a buggy."

Afterward Mrs. Gladden declared that pa spent the happiest week of his life getting ready for that couple to be reunited. It never struck his warm and innocent heart that anything could go amiss. He piled up special wood for the parlor; he hovered around the two bedrooms; he actually had his finger in every pie and cake baked. He went to the village store alone once or twice and after the last visit wore an air of the deepest mystery.

Mrs. Gladden stood this until the hour of retiring.

"Asahel!" she exclaimed, with a break in her voice. "Asahel, you never had a secret from me in all your life, did you?"

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 76,651]

"I was a sufferer from female weakness. Every month regularly as the menses came, I suffered dreadful pains in uterus, ovaries were affected and had leucorrhoea. I had my children very fast and it left me very weak."

PERIODS OF SUFFERING GIVE PLACE TO PERIODS OF JOY

A year ago I was taken with flooding and almost died. The doctor even gave me up and wonders how I ever lived.

"I wrote for Mrs. Pinkham's advice at Lynn, Mass., and took her medicine and began to get well. I took several bottles of the Compound and used the Sanative Wash, and can truly say that I am cured. You would hardly know me. I am feeling and looking so well. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me what I am."—Mrs. J. F. STRETCH, 461 MECHANIC ST., CAMDEN, N. J.

How Mrs. Brown Was Helped.

"I must tell you that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than any doctor."

"I was troubled with irregular menstruation. Last summer I began the use of your Vegetable Compound, and after taking two bottles, I have been regular every month since. I recommend your medicine to all."—Mrs. MAGGIE A. BROWN, West Pt. PLEASANT, N. J.

The rosy maid looked as giddy as if detected in a crime. He saw her kind eyes, and his voice quavered.

"Never before," he whispered, "but I'm so afraid you can't hold this one over Sunday meetin' I'm bound not to breathe it."

One dry sob brought him to terms. "It air," he whispered, uptoozing over to her; "it air that I telegraphed to Devy to get here on the Sunday afternoon express."

Mrs. Gladden's attitude toward the world on Sunday morning was the gossip of the neighborhood for weeks. She suddenly assumed an air of funeral dignity; would converse with no one and stalked silently out after meeting and climbed into the sleigh triumphantly.

"You've done it," whispered her husband, delighted. "I didn't credit you with it."

After dinner the parlor fire was lighted, the table spread for company tea, and Pa Gladden wrapped himself up to go for Angeline. He was so happy his wife's heart trembled.

"Pa," she said, "don't you set too much store by it. Devah may have other intentions, and Angeline may not agree."

"Don't you think it?" declared pa. Angeline are a hundred times prettier than she war. Devy air a man; that settles it all. Now do your part. Leave Devy to me. Men understand men."

He brought Angeline and her valises back in an hour. Mrs. Gladden rejoiced in her womanly beauty. She kissed her as tenderly as if she had been a young girl when she helped her in. Angeline's face beamed.

"How nice you've made everything for me!" she cried. "It's like home comin'." Her face grew thoughtful. It makes me think of old times—old friends."

"Well, just settle down and make yourself at home," said pa, coming in. "I have to be gone an hour or two. You and ma can have a good old talk."

Awhile later he was stamping off the falling snow on the platform of the station. The express stopped, an unusual proceeding. A tall, bronzed man alighted, and pa met him, so eager he almost cried over him as he shook hands.

Alas, alas! All pa's finesse and subtle phrases were forgotten. Finally he reined in Dolly, almost in sight of the house.

"Devy," he quavered, "I always felt so sorrowful 'bout you an' Angeline Porter's break off. You war so happy together when you was young. Devy, I've got Angeline here. She air a widow; she air a finer woman 'n you could see in a day's travel. It air the desire of my heart to bring you two together."

The man beside him grew pale and gasped; then he wrung the mitted hand.

Good Ma Gladden came out to the sleigh. She, too, had forgotten her part. She had been crying and broke down.

"Please 'scuse Angeline," she said brokenly; "she's there in the parlor. Don't you want to go in, Devah? I guess you needn't be feared."

The tall man strode past her, his own eyes misty. The wedded couple left on the steps were not ashamed to kiss each other with tears and smiles.

—Chicago News.

Photographing a Tiger.

Mr. Gambier Bolton, the famous animal photographer, says that one of his best studies was of a tiger at the London zoo, which nearly put an end to his life. Mr. Bolton was inside the barrier which prevents the public from getting too close to the cages and was taking a photograph of another tiger, when one he had not noticed came strolling from behind some rocks and made a spring at him. A child called out, and Mr. Bolton darted back just in time. His head was underneath the focusing cloth when the tiger made the attempt, and as the camera was utterly ruined it is pretty well certain that the photographer's head would have been smashed to pieces. However, Mr. Bolton paid the animal out, for he egged it on to make a second charge and took a photograph of it in the act.

British newspapers have a great deal to say about the unpleasant habits of the Boers. Prominent among these is the habit of shooting straight every time the trigger is pulled.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Oom Paul apparently has taken for granted the truth of the saying that the English are a nation of shopkeepers. At least he has made them a number of counter propositions.—St. Louis Republic.

A Mark For Mountain Climbers.

A Miss Cootie has just ascended the Wetterhorn, an Alpine peak 12,165 feet high. If she wants a real good climb, she should direct her attention to Mount Assiniboine, in British Columbia. No foot has yet been set on its bald nate.—Toronto Globe.

DEWEY AS BOY AND MAN

Stories About the Admiral as a Schoolboy and Officer.

NOT A LOVER OF SCHOOL GATTIES.

Nevertheless, He Considers It His Duty to Personally Respond to Invitations, and So Has Become a Lion. Likes Athletic Sports and Enjoys Them When at Leisure.

The approaching national reception to Admiral Dewey at Washington naturally inspires many memories to recall incidents in his career. Nearly all the stories being recounted at the clubs and hotel lobbies contain points that indicate in no uncertain manner the real character of the hero of Manila, both as boy and man, says the New York Sun. All of them, interesting at any time, are particularly so at the present.

"I want to visit all the countries on earth," said Dewey one day while defying a teacher in a Vermont school, "and get acquainted with all the rulers."

"Here's one ruler I'll make you acquainted with right now," grimly remarked the teacher, exhibiting a heavy 24 inch stick, and he kept his word, but failed to subdue the boy.

Dewey as a boy was rebellious in school, and it was not until Major Z. K. Pangborn became his teacher and flogged him severely did he subject himself to discipline.

"I shall never cease to be grateful to you, sir," he said in later years to Major Pangborn. "You made a man of me. But for that thrashing you gave me at Montpelier I should probably have been in the state prison by this time."

When Dewey as a naval officer remained in Washington, he went a great deal in society and was a social lion. He is a member of the Metropolitan and Army and Navy clubs, and in speaking of the admiral a fellow member recently said:

"George Dewey dislikes society in its ordinary sense very much. I have known him ever since he was a boy. Then he was shy, not fond of the girls and easily embarrassed. He is not any more fond of the women today as a man than he was of the girls as a young boy, nor does he care for the round of social gatties any more than he did in the early days in Montpelier, when wild horses could not drag him to a dance, church festival or any merry-making. Yet Dewey has gained the reputation of being a great social man, because one sees him at every high social function in Washington and in foreign capitals. He goes because it is his idea of duty. He does not want to go to anything social, but he goes because he is invited. He thinks that if any one is kind enough to invite him it is courtesy to respond to that invitation in person. He has the highest sense of duty of any man I ever knew, and carries it into the smallest details of his life. Where other men who are more used to society and are not in the least shy say 'I won't go to this because it is too slow,' or 'I don't like the people,' or 'They are not worth while,' Dewey has no such reasons. He simply puts on his dress suit and goes. He may stay but a minute or he may stay the whole evening if he finds the hostess gives him the wall flowers

10
15
CENTS

Cold Days These FALL UNDERWEAR

A Hint of Values That are Special.

Ladies' underwear, vests and pants, very desirable fall weight, an extra good value, sizes, 3, 4, 5 and 6, at 50 cents a garment. Extra sizes 7 and 8, at 62½ cents a garment.

Ladies' vests and pants, vests finished with silk crochet and taped neck, pants finished with French band, regular 37½c quality, at 25 cents.

One case of children's flat white merino vests and pants, sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 2c, 5c, 8c, 11c, 14c, 17c, 20c, 23c, 25c, 25c.

Compare this unusual value with others.

15c
COPY
DRESSMAKER

Cold Days These FALL UNDERWEAR

A Hint of Values That are Special.

Ladies' underwear, vests and pants, very desirable fall weight, an extra good value, sizes, 3, 4, 5 and 6, at 50 cents a garment. Extra sizes 7 and 8, at 62½ cents a garment.

Ladies' vests and pants, vests finished with silk crochet and taped neck, pants finished with French band, regular 37½c quality, at 25 cents.

One case of children's flat white merino vests and pants, sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 2c, 5c, 8c, 11c, 14c, 17c, 20c, 23c, 25c, 25c.

Compare this unusual value with others.

Ladies' black cotton hose, double sole, high spliced heel and spliced selvedge, put up three in a box, 37½c a pair, or three pairs for \$1.

Ladies' hose, Hermsdorf dye, real maco yarn, double sole, high spliced heel, all black or black with white feet, at 25 cents a pair.

Men's medium weight shirts and drawers, in gray or white, sizes 30 to 46, at 50 cents a garment.

McCall's Bazaar Patterns
Stylish, Reliable, Economical. Perfect Fitting, None Better, if as Good.

10 and 15 cents, None Higher.

McCall's Bazaar Dressmaker contains over 700 designs for ladies, misses, children, men, boys, etc. At our pattern counter 15 cents a copy.

McCall's Magazine, the most attractive ladies' fashion magazine published, with beautiful colored plates, at our pattern counter single copies 5 cents. Buy McCall's Patterns at our store.

Sam. Cully & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADING OF 20 WORDS OR LESS FOR 30 CENTS A WEEK, OR THREE DAYS FOR 25 CENTS. NO CHARGE LESS THAN 25 CENTS.

TO RENT.

Pleasant 8 room cottage, hot and cold water, steam heat, etc. on Meadow street. Inquire J. H. Adams, 105 Main street. t103131

Three new tenements on Laurel avenue. Inquire at the office of W. H. Bennett, 2 Main street. t103132

Suit of rooms, No. 9 Boland block. The furniture contained therein consisting of oak, chamber suit, carpet, portieres, curtains, etc. will be sold very low if applied for at once. Edward Clapp t103133

Two small tenements on Pleasant street; also two small ones on Vesey street; rent reasonable. Inquire of M. H. Dowling, 11 Pleasant street. t103134

Nice six-room tenement, hot and cold water, etc. at Meadow street. Inquire on premises or of S. Woodhead. t103135

Tenement, 17 and 19 West Main street. Apply H. A. Gallup, Boland block. t103136

A furnished room at 111 Eagle street. t103137

Tenement to rent on Center street. S. P. Thayer t103138

A good tenement for small family at 98 per week, No. 21 Yale street. C. E. Winchell. t103139

Six-room modern tenement in O'Connell's block, Lincoln street. Apply at Thomas C. Quinn's store, 102 State street. t103140

Tenement, steam heat, \$25, 142 East Main street. t103141

Bar on Eagle street. Inquire Kearns' drug store. t103142

A 5-room tenement, bath, hot and cold water, in new brick block off Center street. Inquire C. F. Borden, 3 Freeman Ave. t103143

Store is old post office block. Inquire of C. W. Gallup, North Adams Savings Bank. t103144

Boarding house, State street, 18 rooms, steam heat. Apply to E. A. Richardson. t103145

Two six room tenements and one five room tenement, all modern improvements, on Broadway avenue, near Chase avenue. Inquire C. A. Card, 2 New Blackstone block. t103146

A six-room tenement with all modern conveniences, corner of Hoosac and Ashland streets. Inquire Clarence W. Gallup, North Adams Savings Bank Block. t103147

Tenements. Inquire at the office of Able & Arnold. t103148

Tenements, from \$5 to \$15 per month. Inquire E. Pike, Adams National Bank Block, after 7 o'clock evenings. t103149

Desirable tenements to rent. Inquire 112 River street. t103150

Office corner Bank and Main streets. Boland block, steam heat and running water. Inquire P. J. Boland. t103151

A new modern tenement with steam heat. B. J. Boland. t103152

WANTED.

Men to take orders. Steady work. Good wages, pay weekly, free outfit, experience unnecessary. Write: Glen Brothers, Rochester, N. Y.

Men and women of good address to work for reliable firm. Good salary and expenses paid. Address, J. Transcript office. t103153

A competent servant girl. Apply at 18 Hook street. t103154

WANTED—Case of bad health that R. P. A. N. will not benefit. Send 5 cents to R. P. A. N. Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Ten R. P. A. N.'s for 5 cents at Transcript office. One gives relief.

LOST

A long, black ostrich feather box between David Follett's of Adams and Valley Street. Finder will be suitably rewarded if left at David Follett's, Adams. t103155

A pocketbook containing a small sum of money between Main street and Marshall street bridge. Lost between the hours of 12 and 3. Reward if left at Alderman & Carlisle's 10113. Between the monument and Kemp's park, a lady's gold watch, Sunday afternoon, Finder will be rewarded by returning to 11 East Main street.

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TILTS IN COURT

Between Lawyer Couch and Editor Sanford, in Connection With Assault Case

WILLIAMS STUDENTS FINED

For Disturbing the Peace. Gave Assumed Names and Then Didn't Recognize Them. Stiner Boys Fined \$50 Each for Liquor Selling

There was a large attendance at police court this morning, due to a desire to hear the case against Marshall R. Bacheider, charged with assault on William R. Sanford. Bacheider has been foreman of the Evening Herald office, and was discharged Saturday. In the evening he had an interview with Mr. Sanford, the proprietor, which resulted in a black eye for the latter. A warrant was sworn out for Bacheider's arrest, and he gave himself up, bailing himself with \$100 which he produced.

Bacheider pleaded not guilty in court through his attorney, Mark B. Couch, and asked for a continuance till Friday morning. Mr. Sanford rose to speak for a longer continuance, and in spite of a protest from Mr. Couch at allowing a man not a member of the bar to appear before the court in that capacity, was allowed to proceed by the judge. Mr. Sanford said he appeared for the commonwealth in the case, and although Chief Kendall said he supposed the commonwealth was ready for trial, Mr. Sanford asked for a longer continuance. He said that he desired time to get evidence about Bacheider's former record, and to show that the assault was premeditated and much more serious than a simple assault. Mr. Couch protested that simple assault was the only charge on which the court could take action, as no other was before it at the time.

There were several little tilts between the two, and Mr. Couch finally picked up his hat and left the court room, saying that he did not care to appear as a lawyer before a court which allowed such men to argue.

The court finally continued the case till Friday and placed Bacheider under \$200, which was secured in cash.

Didn't Recognize Assumed Name

There was a general mix-up in which several men said to be Williams students were concerned on Main street late Saturday night, and Officer Walsh interfered in time to make two arrests. There were about half a dozen concerned in the affair, and when the officer arrived the entire group was locked in a general embrace. It was said by bystanders that one of the men lost several teeth and suffered otherwise in the fight.

Two of the number were arrested, and at the station gave the names of Harry Graves and Leonard Brooks Herriek. Both were assumed names, and an amusing incident occurred when an officer addressed Herriek by that name. He failed to respond to it, until his companion reminded him who he was by calling him "John."

The two were given a private hearing at police court this morning, and pleaded guilty. Each was fined \$5.

Big Money in Bottled Goods

The cases of William and Fred Stiner for illegal liquor selling from bottles a week ago Sunday were tried this morning. Captain Dineen and Officer Joyce were witnesses for the state, and Fred Stiner testified in his own defense. The officers had a clear record of sales that were made from bottles on the day in question, in the region of Pearl street. Fred Stiner swore that he did not get up that morning until after the time when the first sale was charged.

The officers testified that one of the boys had said that he on Sunday sold several gallons of whiskey in this way, and that the Sunday before the arrest had made \$1 profit on the sales he had made. Both boys were found guilty and fined \$50 each.

Three drunks were before the court, and two were fined \$5 each. The third, Thomas O'Connor, caused some amusement, by appealing his case as soon as he had pleaded not guilty. The judge explained to him that he was not yet in a position to appeal, not having been found guilty, whereat O'Connor explained that he wanted a continuance. This was given him.

PLANS FOR PITTSFIELD SERIES

Mackey Hopes to Get Two Games From Down County This Week

Manager Mackey hopes to secure for this week two games with the Pittsfield team. If this can be done the first game will be played at Pittsfield Thursday and the second at this city Saturday. Pittsfield played here at the fair last Friday, and that game would count as the first in a series of five. The down county players were not in the same class with Mackey's men Friday, but the manager of the Pittsfield expects to strengthen his team before the rest of the games in the series.

The West Ends of this city, who have been putting up a very good quality of baseball during the last part of the season, are also anxious to get a game with Mackey's team, and such a contest may be arranged.

West Ends Beat Shelburne Falls

The West End baseball club played at Shelburne Falls Saturday afternoon, and defeated the team of that place by the score of 5 to 3. The teams played an even game, without any especial features. In the fifth inning the local men bunched their hits enough to bring in two runs, this winning the game. The score by innings:

West End, 1 0 0 2 0 2 0 0—5 11 5
Shelburne Falls, 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—3 7 3

Department Store in Wilson House

From the North Adams letter to the Boston Sunday Globe:

"There are rumors that the Wilson house will cease to be a hotel next spring when the lease of Swift & Bond expires, and that it may be converted into a great department store. As the monument of Wilson, the sewing machine inventor, it has an interesting history."

Hon. Lyman J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury, obtained his business education in the night school of a Chicago business college.

SERMON TO KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

On the Nobility and Requirements of Friendship

Olympian lodge, Knights of Pythias, attended the Baptist church in a body last evening and listened to a special sermon by Rev. J. H. Spencer, the subject being "The nobility of friendship." Mr. Spencer took for his text the friendship of David and Jonathan, the noblest human the bible records. He spoke first of the fact that friendships as those of David and Jonathan, Damon and Pythias, Washington and Lafayette, have proved inspirations for succeeding generations.

Friendship has dignity and nobility from the high requirements it demands. Not all associations are those of friendship. Such a man as Richard Croker numbers his so-called friends by the hundred, but they are brought to him by bonds of fear or cupidity rather than of true friendship. Friendship is not merely community of interests. Dreyfus can call almost the whole world today his friends, outside the circle of his political enemies in France, but the world is not so much the friend of Dreyfus as it is of honor and liberty and justice.

Friendship is not merely that inspired by such a lodge as that to which the sermon was addressed, since true friendship can hardly exist between so many at once. It requires congenial natures and similar tastes and long association, requirements that can be met at best by a very few together. Let us be thankful that there is so much of the spirit of this general friendship in the world, but it is not the highest type of what we call friendship. The first lodge of Knights of Pythias was composed of only two members, Damon and Pythias, and they were unable to admit another when entrance to the same bonds that held them together was sought.

Friendship is that which knits the souls of men together, and therefore in its highest sense cannot include many.

First of the requirements of friendship is that of character. "That character which inspires absolute confidence is essential. The reason that such a man as Croker cannot have friends is because he is lacking in character. When James Flagg died there were many who felt that they had lost a personal friend. High character and power of confidence such as his was that which draws men to their fellows as friends. Of all the stories of notable friendships which have come down to us in history there is not one recorded between men of depraved character.

Friendship demands self sacrifice. The friendship of Damon and Pythias was sealed by the willingness of one to lay down his life for the other. It takes a friend to perform the most dangerous duty between men, for only a friend can tell a man his faults. One of the tests of a friend is that he shall be willing to tell a man his faults in secret and praise him before the public.

Friendship asks constancy, such constancy as shall enable one to rejoice in the success of his friend, and it has greater dignity from the influence that friends may have on each other from such constancy.

But the fact that gives to friendship its greatest dignity is that it is something we may have with God. Faith in God is that which enables us to be his friends, and to share in all the influences that can come from association with the divine.

WILLIAMS WON FIRST GAME

Defeated Laureates 10 to 0. Work of College Team Satisfactory

The Williams football team played its first game of the season on Weston field Saturday afternoon, and pleased its supporters by putting up a very creditable exhibition and defeating the Laureates by the score of 10 to 0. The college team had a line that was entirely too much for the Troy players, and did well in both defensive and offensive playing. The points were made by a touchdown and a goal from the field both by Captain Draper.

Phil Draper was captain of the Laureates, and made some hard plunges into the Williams line when he had the ball but was not backed by a team strong enough to keep the ball.

Williams had its best team in the first half, when all the scoring was done, but in the second half the ball was in the Laureates' territory most of the time. The feature of the game was the goal from the field. The line up:

Williams. Laureates.
Chadwell, l e r c
Simmons, l t r t
Lawrence, Cole, l g r g
Black, Kanter, c g
Seely, r g g
C. Seely, r t f
Cullinan, Hart, r e l e
Moore, q b q b
O'Neill, Graves, l h b r h b
L. Draper (capt), Jay, r h b
Park, Dolph, f b f b
Score, Williams 10. Touchdown. Draper. Goal from field, Draper. Umpire, E. W. Lee, Williams. Referee, J. W. Fleming of Troy. Linesmen, E. E. Risley, 1900, and A. R. Marsh, 1900. Timers, T. H. Drysdale, '97, and M. L. Murray of Troy. Time, 15 and 10-minute halves.

Williams Football Schedule

The following is the schedule of the Williams college football team for the rest of the season:

September 29, Andover at Andover; 30th, Harvard at Cambridge; October 7, Cornell at Ithaca; 14th, Union at Williamstown; 18th, Holy Cross at Williamstown; 21st, Dartmouth at Hanover; 25th, Trinity at Williamstown; 28th, Syracuse at Syracuse; November 4, Laureate B. C. at Troy; 11th, Amherst at Williamstown; 18th, open; 25th, Wesleyan at Middletown.

No Republican Special Train

County Commissioner Wood completed arrangements Saturday afternoon for the transportation of the Berkshire county delegates to the republican state convention at Boston October 5. There will be no special train but the fare for the round trip will be \$4.45, which is the price of the fare one way and one-third besides. The tickets are good going October 5 and returning several days afterwards. The one and one-third round trip fare is the same as the state central committee arranged with all the railroads of the state.

THE SELLING OF HOSPITAL LAND

Board of Control Discusses It. Plans for Envelope Collection

As reported in the Transcript of Saturday, the hospital board of control has practically decided to sell some of its land. A meeting was held Saturday afternoon to consider the matter, but no definite decision was reached as to what sections of land to sell. In all probability the first to be disposed of will be in the south-west corner of the hospital property. It is not expected that the land will be placed on the market for a time at least.

The chief reason for deciding to sell at this time is of course to secure money to build the proposed nurses' home, which has already been described. When the board decided to go ahead with plans for this building it was with the understanding that in all probability a large part of the funds would have to come from the sale of land.

The board also discussed Saturday the envelope canvass, which will be begun in a short time, and for which the preliminary work of laying out districts is now being done.

TUNNEL FAN DOES ITS WORK

Practical Test of Saturday Was Successful. Officials are Pleased

The first actual test of the huge ventilating fan at the central shaft, which was made Saturday, as reported in the Transcript, proved satisfactory to the officials of the road who watched it, and when the party returned Saturday evening they expressed themselves as very well pleased with what had been accomplished. The fan was started at a little before noon and was run four hours at a speed of 110 revolutions per minute on 1 drew smoke in large volume from the shaft. The volume was reduced at times, showing that the tunnel was practically cleared, and it was easy to tell when a train passed through the tunnel by the increased amount of smoke raised by the fan.

The test showed that the principle adopted for ventilating the tunnel is correct, and the only question now is whether a greater speed of the fan will be necessary to fully accomplish the desired end. If so, the power will have to be increased. In making the test yesterday 140 horse-power was used.

Before making any further changes, the fan will be run for a day and the results will be carefully noted by men stationed at each end of the tunnel and at the central shaft. The freights are the trains that make the trouble in the tunnel; passenger trains do not make enough smoke to cause serious trouble. So in arranging the time of running the fan the hours of heavy freight traffic will have to be most considered. If the test shows more power to be necessary, it will be supplied, but there is no longer any doubt that the tunnel is to be effectually ventilated by means of an electrical fan.

NEW ROAD INCORPORATED

To Run From Chatham to Bennington, Over Lebanon Springs Road

The Chatham and Lebanon Valley railroad was incorporated today by the secretary of state. The period of its corporate existence is to be 100 years and it is capitalized at \$1,000,000. It is to maintain and operate a standard gauge steam railroad from Chatham, Columbia county, to Bennington, Vt., a distance of about 57 miles.

The line covered in the papers of incorporation of the new company is practically the line of the old Lebanon Springs road and it is believed that the new company intends to operate the line of the old road.

An adjourned hearing Saturday in the case of proving claims against the Lebanon Springs road was again adjourned till October 7.

News of the Theaters

Three productions are booked for the local theatres this week. "The Turtle" at the Columbia tonight, "Peck's bad boy" at the Wilson Thursday night, and "A pair of black eyes" at the Columbia Saturday night.

"The Turtle," which comes this evening at the Columbia, is more widely known from the reputation of its New York run than most plays which leave that city for the road. The play is a farce which started its career with a great run in Paris, and which has since caught popular favor in other large cities of the continent. Its aim is to be amusingly breezy, and judging from the advance notices as "Frenchy" as possible without being too much so, in which aim press criticisms have accorded it high success.

"Peck's bad boy" Thursday at the Wilson is presented by the Atkinson comedy company, and the character of the play is such that, like "Uncle Tom's Cabin," it doesn't need very much description. It is based on the mischievous pranks of the small boy who is familiar in every household, only that Peck's bad boy is undoubtedly considerably "badder" than the average. Specialty acts accompany the production.

"A pair of black eyes" Saturday night at the Columbia is a comedy based on an emmy wife's return to her husband through the efforts of the inevitable charming widow.

Senator Parsons Behind a Paper

A serious effort is being made to start another weekly paper in Greenfield. For a long time the Gazette has and the entire field to itself, and there is no question that the income of the paper, now nearly 108 years old, is handsome.

Thomas Morey & Son and Senator Parsons are the principal forces back of the new enterprise. It is proposed to issue the first number, if there are no delays, about the middle of October. Of course if the additional capital is not secured the paper will not be started. Papers in opposition to the Gazette have not been successful in the past.

Harry Scully, who runs as an expressman between Boston and Albany, is having his vacation and is spending a few days with relatives in this city. He will go from here to New York to witness the Dewey parade.

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Latest Ideas in New Shapes and Colorings.
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Our annual lamp sale is now in progress,
We can please you.

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An Economical Cook

Should have one of our meat choppers attached to her kitchen table the year around. Its usefulness is not confined to any particular season, nor any particular article of food. The tough steak and "left over" pieces of cold meat may be changed into palatable and wholesome dishes by its use. Besides it will chop:

Meat and apples for your mince pies;
Nuts for your salad and cake;
Cabbage for cold slaw;
Onions and peppers for the Chili sauce.

It pulverizes—
Crackers for scalloped oysters;
Dried bread for dressing;
Nuts for nut butter.

The Price

Will permit the family of the most moderate income to own one, and its cost can be saved out of the scrap dish. We sell them for..... **\$1.50**

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The finest Oil Heater made. Ask for the Aluminum. Before buying look over our line of Acorn Stoves and Ranges which have no equal.

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the entire stock of the Greylock Cash Grocery, I will commence on

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Remember there are two stores filled with the necessities of life to be sold.

Quick Sales and Small Profits is My Motto.

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Ladies and gents, if you contemplate having your last season's somewhat worn, soiled or faded garments cleaned, dyed or repaired, we would like to do your work, but bring them in today as it takes time to do satisfactory work, which we guarantee to do. Agency Levando's French cleansing and dyeing houses Boston and New York, who are conceded to be the best in the country.

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